Board of Directors Omnitrans San Bernardino, California

We have audited the financial statements of Omnitrans for the year ended June 30, 2016. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter dated April 29, 2016. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

#### Significant Audit Findings

#### Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Omnitrans are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, Omnitrans adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, effective July 1, 2015. We noted no transactions entered into by Omnitrans during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

As described in Note 7, management has changed the confidence level used in measuring its incurred but not reported (IBNR) and claims liabilities for the current year. The change in the confidence level resulted in a decrease in the claims liabilities from the prior year of \$1,665,000. For the last three fiscal years, Omnitrans utilized a confidence level of 80% and reduced the confidence level in the current year to 50%. Had a similar confidence level to the prior year been used, the decrease in the claims liability would have been \$489,000.

All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the fair value of investments is based on information provided by the Local Agency Investment Fund.
- Management's estimate of the risk management liability for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims is based on an actuarial valuation and the "expected" confidence level. For the current fiscal year, Omnitrans changed the confidence level for the recognition of IBNR claims from 80% to 50%.
- Management's estimate of the depreciation of capital assets is based upon the estimated useful lives of the related capital assets.
- Management's estimate of amounts related to the net pension liability, related deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, and disclosures are based on actuarial valuations of the net pension liability for Omnitrans' defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS).

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they were reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosure of Omnitrans' defined benefit pension plan, net pension liability and related deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources in Note 8 to the financial statements. The valuation of the net pension liability and related deferred outflows/inflows of resources are sensitive to the underlying actuarial assumptions used including, but not limited to, the investment rate of return and discount rate. As disclosed in Note 8, a 1% increase or decrease in the discount rate has a material effect on Omnitrans' net pension liability.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### Corrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The misstatements noted below were corrected by management:

• \$5,752,859 of negative unearned revenues was reclassified as receivables and \$5,677,480 of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources for differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments were netted.

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 10, 2017.

#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the entity's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Omnitrans' auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, and schedule of contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were not engaged to report on the introductory section or the statistical section, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. We did not audit or perform other procedures on this other information and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors and management of Omnitrans and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

January 10, 2017

# OMNITRANS MANAGEMENT LETTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Board of Directors Omnitrans San Bernardino, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of Omnitrans, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2017. In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Omnitrans, we considered internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements. An audit does not include examining the effectiveness of internal control and does not provide assurance on internal control. We have not considered internal control since the date of our report.

During our audit we noted certain matters involving internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. These observations and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with the appropriate members of management, are intended to improve internal control or result in other operating efficiencies and are summarized as follows:

#### **CURRENT YEAR MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS**

#### RISK ASSESSMENT-SUBRECIPIENT MONITORING

#### **OBSERVATION:**

The Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) was effective for grant agreements entered into after December 26, 2014. The Uniform Guidance amended various provisions with respect to the monitoring of federal awards including subrecipient monitoring. As described in 2 CFR Section 200.331(b), all pass-through entities must evaluate *each* subrecipient's risk of noncompliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward for purposes of determining the appropriate subrecipient monitoring, which may include consideration of such factors as:

- Subrecipient's prior experience with the same or similar subawards
- Results of previous audits including whether the subrecipient receives a single audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance
- New personnel or system changes
- Extent of Federal awarding agency monitoring

While it was noted that Omnitrans maintains certain procedures for the monitoring of subrecipients of federal awards, Omnitrans did not maintain formal documentation of the risk assessment described in 2 CFR Section 200.331(b).

Board of Directors Omnitrans January 10, 2017

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

We recommend that Omnitrans develop a risk assessment tool/matrix to document its evaluation of each subrecipient's risk of noncompliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and terms and conditions. As part of its risk assessment, Omnitrans should review its policies and procedures for subrecipient monitoring for other aspects of the Uniform Guidance including the provisions that are required in subaward agreements, as specified in CFR 200.331(a). Establishing documentation for the risk assessment and related performance monitoring activities, and reviewing its existing subaward agreement requirements will enhance its internal control structure over federal award programs.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE:**

Going forward Staff will establish procedures that incorporate documentation for the risk assessment performed on Sub-recipients utilizing a Risk Assessment Matrix as recommended.

#### PROCUREMENT CARD POLICIES

#### **OBSERVATION:**

During our testing of purchases, we noted one instance, where a Procurement Card (P-Card) purchase exceeded the policy limit of \$2,500; the goods purchased were for \$3,627.

Omnitrans Policy 3000 states, "Any order that exceeds the \$2,500 Single Transaction Limit. (A transaction may consist of one or many items. Regardless of the unit price, if an order totals more than \$2,500.00, it must go through the normal procurement process. Splitting a large order or purchase into multiple transactions, each less than \$2,500.00, is not authorized."

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

We recommend that Omnitrans review its P-Card procedures to ensure consistency with its P-Card policies.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE:**

Staff is in the process of reviewing Procurement Procedure 3000 – P-Cards to ensure consistency with the P-Card policies. As stated earlier, in cases of emergencies, employee and public safety, exceptions will be made. These exceptions will be noted in the policy and procedures.

\*\*\*\*\*

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form our opinion on the financial statements, and therefore may not bring to light all weaknesses in policies or procedures that may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of Omnitrans gained during our work to make comments and suggestions that we hope will be useful to you.

We would be pleased to discuss these comments and recommendations with you at any time.

Board of Directors Omnitrans January 10, 2017

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Omnitrans's management and others within the organization and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Varinch Trie, Dry; Co, US Rancho Cucamonga, California

January 10, 2017

Agreed-Upon Procedures Performed With Respect to the National Transit Database Report

> For the Period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Board of Directors Omnitrans San Bernardino, California

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) has established the following standards with regard to the data reported to it in the Federal Funding Allocation Statistics Form FFA-10 (FFA-10) for the Omnitrans annual National Transit Database (NTD) report:

- 1. A system is in place and maintained for recording data in accordance with NTD definitions. The correct data are being measured and no systematic errors exist.
- 2. A system is in place to record data on a continuing basis and the data gathering is an ongoing effort.
- 3. Source documents are available to support the reported data and are maintained for FTA review and audit for a minimum of three years following FTA's receipt of the NTD report. The data are fully documented and securely stored.
- 4. A system of internal controls is in place to ensure the data collection process is accurate and that the recording system and reported comments are not altered. Documents are reviewed and signed by a supervisor, as required.
- 5. The data collection methods are those suggested by FTA or meet FTA requirements.
- 6. The deadhead miles, computed as the difference between the reported total actual vehicle miles data and the reported total actual vehicle revenue miles data, appear to be accurate.
- 7. Data are consistent with prior reporting periods and other facts known about Omnitrans' operations.

We have applied the procedures described in Attachment 1 of this report, which were agreed to by Omnitrans and the FTA and specified in the declarations section of the 2016 Policy Manual, solely to assist you in evaluating whether Omnitrans complied with the standards described above and that the information included in the NTD report FFA-10 form for the year ended June 30, 2016, is presented in conformity with the requirements of the Uniform System of Accounts and Records and Reporting System; Final Rule, as specified in 49 CFR part 630, Federal Register, January 15, 1993 and as presented in the 2016 Policy Manual. Omnitrans' management is responsible for Omnitrans' compliance with those standards and the accuracy of the FFA-10 form.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described in Attachment 1 either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and findings described in Attachment 1 of this report, which are referenced in order to correspond to the 2016 Policy Manual procedures, were applied separately to each of the information systems used to develop the reported vehicle revenue miles (VRM), passenger miles (PM), fixed guideway directional route miles (FG DRM), High Intensity Bus Lanes directional route miles (HIB DRM), and operating expenses of Omnitrans for the year ended June 30, 2016, and for each of the following modes: (1) Motor Bus - directly operated (MBDO), (2) Motor Bus - purchased transportation (MBPT) and (3) Demand Response - purchased transportation (DRPT).

We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an audit, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the procedures noted in Exhibit 65 of the 2016 Policy Manual or on the FFA-10. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Omnitrans management, Omnitrans Board of Directors and the FTA and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Vavinely Train, Day; Co, UP

October 31, 2016

Excerpt from the FTA 2016 Policy Manual Exhibit 65 - Federal Funding Allocation Data Review Suggested Procedures:

FTA has specified and agreed to a set of procedures for the independent auditor to perform to satisfy the requirements of the Federal Funding Allocation data review. Several of the procedures below require the auditor to select a random sample of documents or data. The procedures do not specify the selected number (i.e., the percentage of the total documents/data). The auditor should use professional judgment to determine the percentage that will enable the auditor to make the required assurances.

The source documents and other records (such as data summaries) may be in the form of digital data files. The auditor should ensure that these files are securely stored and that a contingency plan is in place to ensure that the transit agency retains source documents for a minimum of three years.

a. The procedures to be applied to each applicable mode and type of service (TOS) (directly-operated (DO) and purchased transportation (PT)) are: Obtain and read a copy of written system procedures for reporting and maintaining data in accordance with NTD requirements and definitions set forth in 49 CFR Part 630, Federal Register, dated January 15, 1993, and as presented in the 2016 Policy Manual. If there are no procedures available, discuss the procedures with the personnel assigned responsibility for supervising the NTD data preparation and maintenance.

Results – We obtained and read a copy of written procedures related to the system for reporting and maintaining data and found them in accordance with NTD requirements and definitions set forth in 49 CFR Part 630, Federal Register, January 15, 1993 and as presented in the 2016 Policy Manual.

- b. Discuss the procedures (written or informal) with the personnel assigned responsibility for supervising the preparation and maintenance of NTD data to determine:
  - The extent to which the transit agency followed the procedures on a continuous basis, and
  - Whether these transit personnel believe such procedures result in accumulation and reporting of data consistent with NTD definitions and requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 630, Federal Register, dated January 15, 1993, and as presented in the 2016 Policy Manual.

Results - We inquired regarding Omnitrans' procedures for the MBDO, MBPT and DRPT services noting that the asserted procedures were consistently applied. In addition, based on our inquiry with the Planning and Scheduling Manager and the Operations Services Supervisor, management asserted that the procedures resulted in the accumulation and reporting of data consistent with the NTD definitions and requirements set forth in 49 CFR Part 630, Federal Register, January 15, 1993 and as presented in the 2016 Policy Manual.

c. Ask these same personnel about the retention policy that the transit agency follows as to source documents supporting NTD data reported on the Federal Funding Allocation Statistics form.

Results - We inquired with the Planning and Scheduling Manager and the Operations Services Supervisor, regarding Omnitrans' retention policy for NTD data, Total Modal Operating Expenses data, Actual Vehicle Revenue Mile and Passenger Miles Traveled. Per inquiry, the current practice is to retain paper and electronic data for at least three years.

3

d. Based on a description of the transit agency's procedures from items (A) and (B) above, identify all the source documents that the transit agency must retain for a minimum of three years. For each type of source document, select three months out of the year and determine whether the document exists for each of these periods.

Results - We inspected the following source documents for each type of service, selected three months out of the year and determined that the documents existed for each of these periods:

| Type of Service | Source Document   | Months Tested  |
|-----------------|---|--|
| MBDO            | <ul> <li>MBDO Statistics         Reports (queried from         TransTrack Manager         System database)</li> <li>Passenger Mile Survey         Summary from         Automated Passenger         Count system GFI         database</li> <li>Ridership by Trip         Reports</li> <li>Trapeze FX Summaries         by Route</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>August 2015,         December 2015         and March 2016.</li> <li>Three years of         data were noted         to be archived on         Omnitrans'         network.</li> </ul> |
| MBPT            | <ul> <li>Route Plans</li> <li>MBPT Statistics Reports         (queried from             TransTrack Manager             System database)</li> <li>Ridership by Trip             Reports</li> <li>Trapeze FX Summaries             by Route</li> <li>Route Plans</li> <li>Passenger Mile Survey             Summary</li> <li>Survey Trip Sheets</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>August 2015,         December 2015         and March 2016.</li> <li>Three years of         data were noted         to be archived on         Omnitrans'         network.</li> </ul> |
| DRPT            | <ul> <li>DRPT Statistics Reports         (queried from             TransTrack Manager             System database)</li> <li>Daily Totals from the             Trapeze Pass system</li> <li>Trip Distance             Productivity Reports             from the Trapeze Pass             system</li> <li>Driver Manifests             generated from the             Trapeze Pass system</li> <li>Passenger Mile Survey             Summary</li> <li>Survey Trip Sheets</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>August 2015,         December 2015         and March 2016.</li> <li>Three years of         data were noted         to be archived on         Omnitrans'         network.</li> </ul> |

- e. Discuss the system of internal controls. Inquire whether separate individuals (independent of the individuals preparing source documents and posting data summaries) review the source documents and data summaries for completeness, accuracy, and reasonableness and how often these individuals perform such reviews.
  - Results We inquired regarding the system of internal controls noting that each respective mode/type of service is being reviewed by personnel independent of the preparation process. On a regular basis data from the TransTrack System for the MBDO, MBPT and DRPT modes of service are being reviewed for completeness and reasonableness by the Planning and Scheduling Manager for the MBDO and MBPT modes and the Operations Services Supervisor for the DRPT mode.
- f. Select a random sample of the source documents and determine whether supervisors' signatures are present as required by the system of internal controls. If supervisors' signatures are not required, inquire how personnel document supervisors' reviews.
  - Results For the MBDO and MBPT modes data is collected by automated systems. The collected data is reviewed and approved by a supervisor who documents monthly results and signs off on performance reports. For the DRPT mode, we randomly selected three test days, examined ten Driver Manifests for each of those days, and noted that drivers and supervisors signed the manifests.
- g. Obtain the worksheets used to prepare the final data that the transit agency transcribes onto the Federal Funding Allocation Statistics form. Compare the periodic data included on the worksheets to the periodic summaries prepared by the transit agency. Test the arithmetical accuracy of the summaries.
  - Results We obtained the worksheets utilized by Omnitrans to transcribe statistics to the Federal Funding Allocation Statistics form and compared the data to summaries without exception. We tested the arithmetical accuracy of the summarizations without exception.
- h. Discuss the procedure for accumulating and recording passenger miles traveled (PMT) data in accordance with NTD requirements with transit agency staff. Inquire whether the procedure is one of the methods specifically approved in the 2016 Policy Manual.
  - Results Sampling was conducted for the MBDO, MBPT and DRPT mode. We inspected the sampling methodologies and noted that the sampling methodology used met the requirements of the 2016 Policy Manual.
- i. Discuss with transit agency staff (the auditor may wish to list the titles of the persons interviewed) the transit agency's eligibility to conduct statistical sampling for PMT data every third year. Determine whether the transit agency meets NTD criteria that allow transit agencies to conduct statistical samples for accumulating PMT data every third year rather than annually. Specifically:
  - According to the 2010 Census, the public transit agency serves an UZA with a population less than 500,000.
  - The public transit agency directly operates fewer than 100 revenue vehicles in all modes in annual maximum revenue service (VOMS) (in any size UZA).
  - Service purchased from a seller is included in the transit agency's NTD report.
  - For transit agencies that meet one of the above criteria, review the NTD documentation for the most recent mandatory sampling year (2014) and determine that statistical sampling was conducted and meets the 95 percent confidence and ±10 percent precision requirements.
  - Determine how the transit agency estimated annual PMT for the current report year.

Results – Omnitrans sampled all three modes in the current year and did not utilize the three year sampling option allowed for purchased transportation modes.

j. Obtain a description of the sampling procedure for estimation of PMT data used by the transit agency. Obtain a copy of the transit agency's working papers or methodology used to select the actual sample of runs for recording PMT data. If the transit agency used average trip length, determine that the universe of runs was the sampling frame. Determine that the methodology used to select specific runs from the universe resulted in a random selection of runs. If the transit agency missed a selected sample run, determine that a replacement sample run was random. Determine that the transit agency followed the stated sampling procedure.

Results – For the MBDO, MBPT and DRPT modes, we obtained a copy of Omnitrans' methodology used in the statistical sampling to estimate average PM and determined that the methodology used by Omnitrans resulted in a random selection of runs and that the stated sampling procedure was followed without exception.

k. Select a random sample of the source documents for accumulating PMT data and determine that the data are complete (all required data are recorded) and that the computations are accurate. Select a random sample of the accumulation periods and re-compute the accumulations for each of the selected periods. List the accumulations periods that were tested. Test the arithmetical accuracy of the summary.

Results - For MBDO we randomly selected 40 surveyed routes throughout the year. We verified the mathematical accuracy of the Trip Report Details and that the data was properly input to the accumulation worksheet designed to calculate the average PM without exception.

For MBPT we randomly selected 40 surveyed routes throughout the year. We verified the mathematical accuracy of the Trip Report Details and that the data was properly input to the accumulation worksheet designed to calculate the average PM without exception.

For DRPT we randomly selected 40 surveyed routes throughout the year. We verified the mathematical accuracy of the Trip Report Details and that the data was properly input to the accumulation worksheet designed to calculate the average PM without exception.

1. Discuss the procedures for systematic exclusion of charter, school bus, and other ineligible vehicle miles from the calculation of actual vehicle revenue miles with transit agency staff and determine that they follow the stated procedures. Select a random sample of the source documents used to record charter and school bus mileage and test the arithmetical accuracy of the computations.

Results - The procedure identified above is not applicable. Per inquiry with Omnitrans' management, Omnitrans did not provide charter or school bus services.

- m. For actual vehicle revenue mile (VRM) data, document the collection and recording methodology and determine that deadhead miles are systematically excluded from the computation. This is accomplished as follows:
  - If actual VRMs are calculated from schedules, document the procedures used to subtract missed trips. Select a random sample of the days that service is operated, and re-compute the daily total of missed trips and missed VRMs. Test the arithmetical accuracy of the summary.

Results – For the MBDO and MBPT modes, Omnitrans tracks actual VRM in real time using the Trapeze Intelligent Transportation System from which data is uploaded monthly to the TransTrack Manager System. The results are reviewed by management against total scheduled VRM and any discrepancies are investigated. The tracking is performed on fixed routes only which will not include deadhead miles. We selected August 2015, December 2015 and March 2016, recalculated the MBDO VRMs and compared them to amounts used in the total VRM without exception. The MBPT contractor completes all scheduled routes and there are no missed trips.

6

 If actual VRMs are calculated from hubodometers, document the procedures used to calculate and subtract deadhead mileage. Select a random sample of the hubodometer readings and determine that the stated procedures for hubodometer deadhead mileage adjustments are applied as prescribed. Test the arithmetical accuracy of the summary of intermediate accumulations.

Results - This procedure is not applicable because VRMs were measured using real time Trapeze Intelligent Transportation System tracking.

 If actual VRMs are calculated from vehicle logs, select random samples of the vehicle logs and determine that the deadhead mileage has been correctly computed in accordance with FTA definitions.

Results - For the DRPT mode, Revenue Miles are calculated based on the odometer readings from the first pickup to the last drop off. Deadhead miles are excluded from the Revenue Miles calculations. We selected 40 trips to test and noted that the deadhead miles are not included in the Revenue Miles calculations without exception.

n. For rail modes, review the recording and accumulation sheets for actual VRMs and determine that locomotive miles are not included in the computation.

Results - The procedure identified above is not applicable as Omnitrans does not provide rail service.

- o. If fixed guideway or High Intensity Busway directional route miles (FG or HIB DRM) are reported, interview the person responsible for maintaining and reporting NTD data whether the operations meet FTA definition of fixed guideway (FG) or High Intensity Busway (HIB) in that the service is:
  - Rail, trolleybus (TB), ferryboat (FB), or aerial tramway (TR); or
  - Bus (MB, CB, or RB) service operating over exclusive or controlled access rights-of- way (ROW); and
    - i. Access is restricted:
    - ii. Legitimate need for restricted access is demonstrated by peak period level of service or worse on a parallel adjacent highway;
    - iii. Restricted access is enforced for freeways; priority lanes used by other high occupancy vehicles (HOV) (i.e., vanpools (VP), carpools) must demonstrate safe operation; and
    - iv. High Occupancy/Toll (HO/T) lanes meet FHWA requirements for traffic flow and use of toll revenues. The transit agency has provided the NTD a copy of the State's certification to the U.S. Secretary of Transportation stating that it has established a program for monitoring, assessing, and reporting on the operation of the HOV facility with HO/T lanes.

Results – We interviewed the Planning and Scheduling Manager and noted that the MBDO service operates over exclusive access rights-of way (ROW) that appears consistent with the FTA's definition of fixed guideways.

- p. Discuss the measurement of FG and HIB DRM with the person reporting NTD data and determine that the he or she computed mileage in accordance with FTA definitions of FG/HIB and DRM. Inquire of any service changes during the year that resulted in an increase or decrease in DRMs. If a service change resulted in a change in overall DRMs, re-compute the average monthly DRMs, and reconcile the total to the FG/HIB DRM reported on the Federal Funding Allocation Statistics form.
  - Results We determined that the mileage was computed in accordance with the FTA definitions of FG DRM. Per inquiry with the Planning and Scheduling Manager we determined that there were no changes during the year that resulted in an increase or decrease in DRMs. We recomputed the average monthly DRM for all reported segments and reconciled the total to the FG DRM without exception.
- q. Inquire if any temporary interruptions in transit service occurred during the report year. If these interruptions were due to maintenance or rehabilitation improvements to a FG segment(s), the following apply:
  - Report DRMs for the segment(s) for the entire report year if the interruption is less than 12 months in duration. Report the months of operation on the FG/HIB segments form as 12. The transit agency should document the interruption.
  - If the improvements cause a service interruption on the FG/HIB DRMs lasting more than 12 months, the transit agency should contact its NTD validation analyst to discuss. FTA will make a determination on how to report the DRMs.

Results – Per inquiry of the Planning and Scheduling Manger, there were no temporary interruptions in transit service during the report year.

- r. Measure FG/HIB DRM from maps or by retracing route.
  - Results We recalculated the length of all fixed guideway directional routes for the MBDO mode of service using publicly available maps without exception.
- Discuss whether other public transit agencies operate service over the same FG/HIB as the transit agency. If yes, determine that the transit agency coordinated with the other transit agency (or agencies) such that the DRMs for the segment of FG/HIB are reported only once to the NTD on the Federal Funding Allocation form. Each transit agency should report the actual VRM, PMT, and OE for the service operated over the same FG/HIB.
  - Results We interviewed the management of Omnitrans and noted that no other public transit agencies operate service over the same DRMs as Omnitrans.
- t. Review the FG/HIB segments form. Discuss the Agency Revenue Service Start Date for any segments added in the 2016 report year with the persons reporting NTD data. This is the commencement date of revenue service for each FG/HIB segment. Determine that the date reported is the date that the agency began revenue service. This may be later than the Original Date of Revenue Service if the transit agency is not the original operator. If a segment was added for the 2016 report year, the Agency Revenue Service Date must occur within the transit agency's 2016 fiscal year. Segments are grouped by like characteristics. Note that for apportionment purposes, under the State of Good Repair (§5337) and Bus and Bus Facilities (§5339) programs, the 7-year age requirement for fixed guideway/High Intensity Busway segments is based on the report year when the segment is first reported by any NTD transit agency. This pertains to segments reported for the first time in the current report year. Even if a transit agency can document an Agency Revenue Service Start Date prior to the current NTD report year, FTA will only consider segments continuously reported to the NTD.

Results – This procedure is not applicable because Omnitrans did not add any new segments during the 2016 report year.

- u. Compare operating expenses with audited financial data after reconciling items are removed.
  - Results Operating expenses were compared to the trial balances subject to audit without exception.
- v. If the transit agency purchases transportation services, interview the personnel reporting the NTD data on the amount of PT-generated fare revenues. The PT fare revenues should equal the amount reported on the Contractual Relationship form.
  - Results We identified the purchased transportation fare revenues reported on the B-30 and reconciled the amounts to the general ledger without exception.
- w. If the transit agency's report contains data for PT services and assurances of the data for those services are not included, obtain a copy of the IAS-FFA regarding data for the PT service. Attach a copy of the statement to the report. Note as an exception if the transit agency does not have an Independent Auditor Statement for the PT data.
  - Results The data for purchased transportation are included in the reporting by Omnitrans and therefore no IAS for the purchased transportation services is included.
- x. If the transit agency purchases transportation services, obtain a copy of the PT contract and determine that the contract specifies the public transportation services to be provided; the monetary consideration obligated by the transit agency or governmental unit contracting for the service; the period covered by the contract (and that this period overlaps the entire, or a portion of, the period covered by the transit agency's NTD report); and is signed by representatives of both parties to the contract. Interview the person responsible for retention of the executed contract, and determine that copies of the contracts are retained for three years.
  - Results We inspected the MBPT and DRPT service contracts and determined that they contained the items noted above without exception. We inquired with the Planning and Scheduling Manager and the Operations Services Supervisor, regarding Omnitrans' retention policy for executed contracts for purchased transportation programs. Per inquiry, the current practice is to retain contracts for at least three years.
- y. If the transit agency provides service in more than one UZA, or between an UZA and a non-UZA, inquire of the procedures for allocation of statistics between UZAs and non- UZAs. Obtain and review the FG segment worksheets, route maps, and urbanized area boundaries used for allocating the statistics, and determine that the stated procedure is followed and that the computations are correct.
  - Results Omnitrans provides services in more than one UZA but does not provide services to non urbanized areas. For the MBDO and MBPT modes allocations to urbanized areas are based on trip pattern analysis. The number of yearly trips per pattern is multiplied by the number of miles determined for each UZA. Eight allocations were tested for the MBDO and MBPT services without exception.
  - For the DRPT mode, vehicles are dispatched from two depots, one in each UZA. VRMs are tracked by depot and used to calculate the percentages for the UZA split of other data. The allocation was tested without exception by recalculation of total VRMs by depot.

9

z. Compare the data reported on the Federal Funding Allocation Statistics Form to data from the prior report year and calculate the percentage change from the prior year to the current year. For actual VRM, PMT or OE data that have increased or decreased by more than 10 percent, or FG DRM data that have increased or decreased. Interview transit agency management regarding the specifics of operations that led to the increases or decreases in the data relative to the prior reporting period.

*Results – The following fluctuations over 10% were noted on the F-30 and S-10 Forms:* 

• A 11.5% decrease in Passenger Miles for DRPT

No fluctuations of over 10% were noted in the MBDO or MBPT modes.

The 11.5% decrease in Passenger Miles for DRPT is due to the combination of a drop in ridership and the first full year without the Omnilink service included in the data.

aa. The auditor should document the specific procedures followed, documents reviewed, and tests performed in the work papers. The work papers should be available for FTA review for a minimum of three years following the NTD report year. The auditor may perform additional procedures, which are agreed to by the auditor and the transit agency, if desired. The auditor should clearly identify the additional procedures performed in a separate attachment to the statement as procedures that were agreed to by the transit agency and the auditor but not by FTA.

Results – We have documented the procedures followed based on the FTA 2016 Policy Manual Exhibit 65 - Federal Funding Allocation Data Review - Suggested Procedures, and noted the documents reviewed and tests performed in our workpapers. Additional procedures were not performed.

# OMNITRANS SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

|   | PAGE |
|---|------|
| Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compland Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance Government Auditing Standards, the Transportation Development Act and California Government Code §8879.50 |      |
| Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance   | 3    |
| Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  | 6    |
| Note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  | 7    |
| Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs   |      |
| I. Summary of Auditors' Results   | 8    |
| II. Financial Statement Findings  | 9    |
| III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs  | 10   |
| Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings   | 11   |



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT AND CALIFORNIA GOVERNMENT CODE §8879.50

Board of Directors Omnitrans San Bernardino, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Omnitrans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Omnitrans' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2017. Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding Omnitrans' adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, effective July 1, 2015.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Omnitrans' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Omnitrans' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Omnitrans' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, as item 2016-001, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Omnitrans' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including Section 6667 of Title 21 of the California Code of Regulations and California Government Code §8879.50 et seq., and the allocation instructions of San Bernardino Associated Governments, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, Section 6667 of Title 21 of the California Code of Regulations, or the California Government Code §8879.50 et seq.

#### **Omnitrans' Response to Findings**

Omnitrans' response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Omnitrans' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

January 10, 2017

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors Omnitrans San Bernardino, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Omnitrans' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Omnitrans' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Omnitrans' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Omnitrans' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Omnitrans' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Omnitrans' compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Omnitrans complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Omnitrans is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Omnitrans' internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Omnitrans' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of Omnitrans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Omnitrans' basic financial statements. We have issued our opinion thereon dated January 10, 2017, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding Omnitrans' adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, effective July 1, 2015. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Vavinek Tris, Dry; Co, WP Rancho Cucamonga, California

January 10, 2017

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor   | Federal<br>Domestic<br>Assistance | Grant          | Federal       | Amount<br>Provided to |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Program Title  | Number                            | Number         | Expenditures  | Subrecipients         |
| U.S. Department of Transportation:   | rumber                            | rumber         | Expenditures  | Bubiccipients         |
| Direct Assistance:   |                                   |                |               |                       |
| Federal Transit Cluster:   |                                   |                |               |                       |
| Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants  | 20.500                            | CA-03-0816-00  | \$ (34,107)   | \$ -                  |
| Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants  | 20.500                            | CA-04-0228-00  | 111,444       | 111,444               |
| Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants  | 20.500                            | CA-04-0035-01  | 173,044       | -                     |
| Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants  | 20.500                            | CA-04-0152-00  | 81            | 81                    |
| Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants  | 20.500                            | CA-04-0191-00  | 105,366       | 105,366               |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-96-X058-00  | 11,374        | 11,374                |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-95-X124-00  | 30,032        |                       |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y164-00  | 254,511       | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y333-00  | 1,849         | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y396-00  | 1,754         | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y495-00  | 53,731        | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y602-00  | 33,421        | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y681-00  | 7,581         | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y775-00  | 245,890       | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y850-00  | 1,688,925     | 1,084,959             |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-95-X257-00  | 10,310,122    | 9,348,614             |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Y939-00  | 1,273,115     | 80,151                |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Z009-00  | 1,496,695     | 324,269               |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Z112-00  | 2,876,383     | 301,942               |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Z231-00  | 80,569        | -                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-90-Z280-00  | 895,399       | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | CA-95-X314-00  | 5,152,215     | _                     |
| Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)                            | 20.507                            | 1681-206-1     | 8,335,070     | _                     |
| Subtotal - Federal Transit Cluster   |                                   |                | 33,104,464    | 11,368,200            |
|  |                                   |                |               |                       |
| Public Transportation Research - FY 14-15 Section 5314                                       | 20.514                            | CA-26-7301-00  | 96,407        |                       |
| Transit Services Programs Cluster:   |                                   |                |               |                       |
| Job Access and Reverse Commute Program - FY06-08 Section 5316 Capital                        | 20.516                            | CA-37-X090-00  | 147,461       | 147,461               |
| Job Access and Reverse Commute Program - FY09-10 Section 5316 Capital                        | 20.516                            | CA-37-X146-00  | 70,031        | 70,031                |
| Job Access and Reverse Commute Program - FY11-12 Section 5316 Capital                        | 20.516                            | CA-37-X174-00  | 296,547       | 296,547               |
| New Freedom Program FY06-08 - 5317 (Amend)   | 20.521                            | CA-57-X017-00  | 22,594        | 22,594                |
| New Freedom Program FY09-10 - 5317   | 20.521                            | CA-57-X062-00  | 303,682       | 303,682               |
| New Freedom Program FY11-12 - 5317   | 20.521                            | CA-57-X089-00  | 30,606        | 30,606                |
| Subtotal - Transit Services Programs Cluster   |                                   |                | 870,921       | 870,921               |
| Alternative Analysis - Holt Boulevard  | 20.522                            | CA-39-0008-00  | 30,741        | _                     |
| Total - U.S. Department of Transportation  | 20.322                            | C11 37 0000 00 | 34,102,533    | 12,239,121            |
| 10tal 0.5. Department of Transportation  |                                   |                | 34,102,333    | 12,237,121            |
| U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed-through County of Riverside, California |                                   |                |               |                       |
| County-Based Medi-Cal Administrative Activities  | 93.778                            | 16-30          | 611,954       |                       |
| Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services   |                                   |                | 611,954       |                       |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards   |                                   |                | \$ 34,714,487 | \$ 12,239,121         |

See accompanying note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE #1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (A) Scope of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule" includes the federal award activity of Omnitrans under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Omnitrans, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Omnitrans.

The negative amounts reported in the SEFA for the Federal Transit Cluster (CFDA No. 20.500) under Grant Number CA-03-0816-00 represent amounts previously claimed for reimbursement and reported as expenditures in the SEFA of a prior year, but reclassified in the current year.

#### (B) Basis of Accounting

The expenditures included in the accompanying schedule were reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recognized when Omnitrans becomes obligated for payment as a result of the receipt of the related goods and services. Expenditures reported included any property or equipment acquisitions incurred under the federal program.

#### (C) Subrecipients

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, Omnitrans provided \$12,239,121 in federal awards to subrecipients from funding provided by the U.S. Department of Transportation.

#### (D) Indirect Cost

Omnitrans elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

| FINANCIAL STATEMI   | ENTS   |               |
|---|--|---------------|
| Type of auditors' repor   | t issued:  | Unmodified    |
| Internal control over fi  | nancial reporting:   |               |
| Material weakness(e   | s) identified?   | No            |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified?                                   |  | Yes           |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?                     |  | No            |
| FEDERAL AWARDS  |  |               |
| Internal control over m   | najor federal programs:                                    |               |
| Material weakness(es) identified?   |  | No            |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified?                                   |  | None reported |
| Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: |  | Unmodified    |
| Any audit findings disc   | closed that are required to be reported in accordance with |               |
| 2 CFR 200.516(a)  |  | No            |
| Identification of major   | federal programs:  |               |
| CFDA Number(s)  | Name of Federal Program or Cluster                         |               |
| 20.500, 20.507  | Federal Transit Cluster                                    | <u> </u>      |
| Dollar threshold used to  | distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:            | \$ 1,041,435  |
| Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?                                    |  | Yes           |

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

#### **Finding 2016-001**

#### FINANCIAL REPORTING

#### Criteria:

The entity should maintain internal controls to ensure that transactions are consistently and properly recorded.

#### **Condition:**

Accrued Grant Receivables

TDA receipts are initially recognized as unearned revenues when received. As Omnitrans incurs expenses, revenues are recognized during the period. At yearend, the unearned revenue account for TDA receipts was a negative balance of \$5,752,000. The negative balance represented amounts owed and should have been reclassified to a receivable.

#### **Context:**

The item was noted during our yearend testing of the TDA unearned revenue balance.

#### **Effect:**

An adjustment of \$5,752,000 was proposed and corrected by management for the reclassification of negative unearned revenues to a receivable.

#### Cause:

The negative unearned revenue was attributed to Omnitrans not having procedures in place to reconcile the TDA receipt activity as of year-end to the proper financial statement presentation.

#### **Recommendation:**

Omnitrans should review its yearend closing procedures to ensure that negative balances are properly reclassified.

#### **View of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions:**

Omnitrans will include in its yearend closing procedures guidance to ensure proper reclassification of account balances when necessary as recommended.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None noted

#### OMNITRANS San Bernardino, California

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON PROPOSITION 1B

Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### PROPOSITION 1B

#### **JUNE 30, 2016**

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

|   | PAGE |
|---|------|
| Independent Auditors' Report on Proposition 1B Schedule of Unspent Funds and Cash Disbursements | 1    |
| Schedule of Unspent Funds and Cash Disbursements  | 2    |



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON PROPOSITION 1B SCHEDULE OF UNSPENT FUNDS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS

Board of Directors Omnitrans San Bernardino, California

We have audited the financial statements of Omnitrans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Omnitrans' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2017, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding Omnitrans' adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, effective July 1, 2015. Those financial statements are the responsibility of Omnitrans' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Omnitrans' basic financial statements. The accompanying Proposition 1B Schedule of Unspent Funds and Cash Disbursements is presented for purposes of additional analysis, to satisfy the requirements of Section 6667 of Title 21 of the California Code of Regulations, the California Government Code §8879.50, and the California State Senate Bill 88 (2007), et seq. and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United Stated of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Vavinch Trin, Dry; Co, Ul Rancho Cucamonga, California

January 10, 2017

#### OMNITRANS PROPOSITION 1B

# SCHEDULE OF UNSPENT FUNDS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

|   | PTMISEA (1)   | CTSG (2)   | Total         |
|---|---------------|------------|---------------|
| Unspent Prop 1B funds as of June 30, 2015   | \$ 30,488,169 | \$ 155,434 | \$ 30,643,603 |
| Prop 1B funds received during the year ended June 30, 2016                              | -             | 257,132    | 257,132       |
| Interest revenue earned on unspent Prop 1B funds during fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 | 96,417        | 31         | 96,448        |
| Change in fair market value of investments during the year ended June 30, 2016          | 62,323        | -          | 62,323        |
| Prop 1B disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2016                               | (5,878,814)   | (41,739)   | (5,920,553)   |
| Unspent Prop 1B funds as of June 30, 2016   | \$ 24,768,095 | \$ 370,858 | \$ 25,138,953 |

<sup>(1)</sup> Public Transportation, Modernization, Improvement, and Service Enhancement Account

<sup>(2)</sup> California Transit Security Grant, including CalEMA program from prior year

### **CONNECTING OUR COMMUNITY**



OMNITRANS, San Bernardino, CA

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016







Through the successful efforts of all employees, OmniTrans has continued to provide a high quality, affordable and reliable transit service to the San Bernardino Valley. These efforts have resulted in increases in Express Bus Service, increases in sbX ridership, and continued praises by our riders on the operation of the San Bernardino Transit Center! Committed to maximizing our value to the community with every transit dollar available, Omnitrans has pursued, and achieved, a key strategic initiative in our 2016 Management Plan by reducing operational costs through the conversion to a Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) pipeline delivery system and continuing to convert our ACCESS fleet from unleaded fuel to CNG.

A significant shift in our transit services has also taken place as OmniTrans has partnered with the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA) in the planning and delivery of the "Arrow" light rail system. Revenue operations are scheduled for 2020. OmniTrans is actively in the planning stages with SBCTA and the Federal Railroad Administration in order to meet the established timeline. This enhancement to our Agency is a testimony to the professionalism of each employee's dedication to duty and commitment to excellence. I am proud to serve beside you in this exciting time of change as we bring OminTrans into a new era in "connecting our community".

P. Scott Graham CEO/General Manager



# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 (With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)



Prepared by the Finance Department

DONALD WALKER
Director of Finance

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

| Letter of Transmittal   |    |
|---|----|
| Organizational Chart  | •  |
| List of Elected and Appointed Officials                                   | V  |
| GFOA Certificate of Achievement   | 7  |
| <b>General Information</b>  | X  |
|   |    |
|   |    |
| FINANCIAL SECTION   |    |
| <b>Independent Auditors' Report</b>                                       | 1  |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information) |    |
| Financial Highlights  | 3  |
| Overview of the Financial Statements                                      | ۷  |
| Net Position  | 8  |
| Changes in Net Position   | 9  |
| Basic Financial Statements  |    |
| Statement of Net Position   | 12 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position              | 13 |
| Statement of Cash Flows   | 14 |
| Notes to Basic Financial Statements                                       | 16 |
| Required Supplementary Information  |    |
| Schedule of Changes in the Net Position Liability and Related Ratios      |    |
| Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)                                 | 37 |
| Schedule of Contributions   | 38 |
| STATISTICAL SECTION   |    |
| Financial Trends  |    |
| Net Position by Component   | 4( |
| Changes in Net Position   | 41 |
| Revenue Capacity  |    |
| Revenue by Source   | 42 |
| <b>Demographics and Economics Information</b>                             |    |
| Demographics and Statistics of San Bernardino County                      | 43 |
| Principal Employers of San Bernardino County                              | 44 |
| Industry Employment and Labor Force                                       | 45 |
| Economy and Economic Outlook  | 49 |
| Operating Information   |    |
| Number of Employees   | 50 |
| Operating Expenses by Category  | 51 |
| Operating Expenses by Function  | 52 |
| Capital Assets by Function  | 53 |









CONNECTING OUR COMMUNITY





January 10, 2017

To the Members of the OmniTrans Board of Directors, CEO/General Manager and Citizens of the County of San Bernardino:

California Government Code sections 25250 and 25253 require that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published in fulfillment of that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

This report provides an independently audited account of the financial condition of the Agency. The financial statements, supplemental schedules, and statistical information are the representations of OmniTrans' management. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for their accuracy, completeness and fairness.

Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, audited OmniTrans financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that OmniTrans' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are fairly represented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

continued on next page

OmniTrans • 1700 West Fifth Street • San Bernardino, CA 92411 Phone: 909-379-7100 • Web site: www.OmniTrans.org • Fax 909-889-5779 Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The independent audit of the financial statements of OmniTrans was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report on the fair presentation of the financial statements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in a separate Single Audit report.

As stewards of the taxpayer's money, OmniTrans continues to achieve its primary objective of safeguarding the funds entrusted to us. Our primary focus is the planning, securing and controlling of OmniTrans' financial resources.

OmniTrans takes great pride in the fact that previously issued CAFRs have been awarded a prestigious award by The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) in the form of its Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. OmniTrans has received the GFOA "Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Finance Reporting" a total of thirteen (13) times. These prior awards and the one that we are currently seeking this year evidence the significant improvements regarding the strengthening of internal controls and our compliance with stringent GFOA standards for professional financial reporting. OmniTrans' system of internal control is supported by written policies and procedures and is continually reviewed, evaluated and modified to meet current needs.

### **Local Economy**

The economic growth the Inland Empire has regained in the past year may add some support in dealing with the long-term challenges for the region, which include too few college graduates to attract new businesses and too many workers commuting to other cities. The economic forecast for the region has narrowed somewhat from overly optimistic to more reality-based projections. For example, most economists agree employment has rebounded but output has not, partially due to the fact that the jobs gained were different from the jobs lost and often paid less. What the IE does have in its favor is land, and most of it is available at a relatively low price. According to John Husing, leading economist for the region, economic growth in San Bernardino County and the Inland Empire is driven by five industry sectors (1) logistics, (2) construction, (3) health care, (4) manufacturing, and (5) professional, management, and scientific work.

### **Long-term Financial Planning**

OmniTrans continues to plan for the future in its short-term and the long-term planning. The short-term planning rarely looks further ahead than the 12 months in the fiscal year. It seeks to ensure that the Agency has enough cash to pay its bills. In the long-term planning, the planning horizon is typically 2 – 5 years. The long-term financial planning focuses on the Agency's long-term goals and the funding that must be secured prior to project implementation.

### **Major Initiatives**

Each year the federal government funds numerous public transit initiatives through an array of programs. Although the need for federal money to fund these initiatives has continued to grow, the federal budget increasingly has been strained by other competing funding priorities. On the federal level, the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) sponsors an array of initiatives and programs to support research, coordination, and development of public transportation. Some of the FTA initiatives and programs that are of particular interest to OmniTrans include:

- Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) MAP-21 consolidates certain transit programs to improve their efficiency and provides significant funding increases specifically for improving the state of good repair of the nation's transit systems. The law grants FTA authority to strengthen the safety of public transportation systems throughout the United States. It also streamlines the New Start process to expedite project delivery and provides for core capacity project eligibility.
- State of Good Repair (SGR) State of Good Repair includes sharing ideas on recapitalization and maintenance issues, asset management practices, and innovative financing strategies. It also includes issues related to measuring the condition of transit capital assets, prioritizing local transit re-investment decisions and preventive maintenance practices. Finally, research and the identification of the tools needed to address this problem are vital. The FTA will lead the nation's effort to address the State of Good Repair by collaborating with industry to bring the nation's transit infrastructure into the 21st Century.

### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to OmniTrans for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state or local government financial report. This was OmniTrans thirteenth time receiving this award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR.

OmniTrans received another AdWheel Award in 2016 from the American Public Transportation Association (APTA). These prestigious annual awards acknowledge the creative excellence of member public transportation systems and business members in advertising, communications, and marketing. The agency garnered a first place award in the Print Media, Illustrated Vehicle category for the Veteran Fare bus wrap ad created to promote the new discount fare category.

Omnitrans was proud to open its new San Bernardino Transit Center to the public in September 2015. The San Bernardino Transit Center is a major transportation hub in downtown San Bernardino, which provides connections for riders between the sbX Green Line bus rapid transit service, 11 other Omnitrans routes, three other regional bus services, and future commuter rail. The \$25 million LEED Gold Transit Center is a state-of-the-art facility with a transit building including a pass sales /

information desk, public lobby and restrooms, staff break area, 24/7 security, real-time bus arrival electronic information signs, and energy-saving features such as rooftop solar panels. The Inland Empire Biking Alliance opened a bicycle cooperative called the Hubitat at the Transit Center in May 2016, which is open three days a week and provides low-cost bike repair assistance for multi-modal travelers.

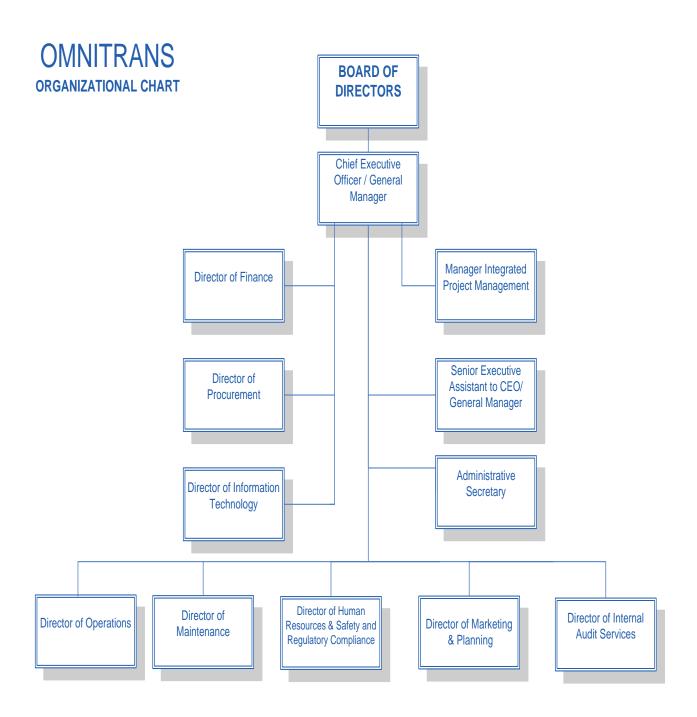
Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated services of the Finance Department staff, with special thanks to Mae Sung, Accounting Manager and Maurice Mansion, Treasury Manager. We wish also to express our appreciation to P. Scott Graham, our CEO/General Manager, and Wendy Williams, Director of Marketing & Planning, and the Marketing & Planning staff for their assistance and support of this report. We would also like to express our appreciation to the Board of Directors and members of the Administrative and Finance Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

Halleker

Donald Walker

Director of Finance, OMNITRANS



# OMNITRANS SENIOR LEADERSHIP TEAM

P. Scott Graham CEO/General Manager

Donald Walker
Director of Finance

Marjorie Ewing Director of Human Resources & Safety and Regulatory Compliance

Jacob Harms
Director of Information Technology

Andres Ramirez Manager of Integrated Project Management Office

Samuel J. Gibbs Director of Internal Audit Services

Jack Dooley Director of Maintenance

Wendy S. Williams
Director of Marketing & Planning

Diane Caldera Director of Operations

Jennifer Sims
Director of Procurement

# OMNITRANS BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Chair Sam Spagnolo Rancho Cucamonga



Vice Chair Ron Daily Loma Linda



Supervisor Curt Hagman County



Supervisor Josie Gonzales County



Supervisor James Ramos County



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Richard DeLaRosa Colton



John B. Roberts, Jr Fontana



Sylvia Robles Grand Terrace



Penny Lilburn Highland



Paul Eaton Montclair



Alan Waper Ontario



Pat Gilbreath Redlands



Deborah Robertson Rialto



Cary Davis San Bernardino



Ray Musser Upland



Dick Riddell Yucaipa



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Omnitrans California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Jeffry R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

#### PROFILE OF OMNITRANS

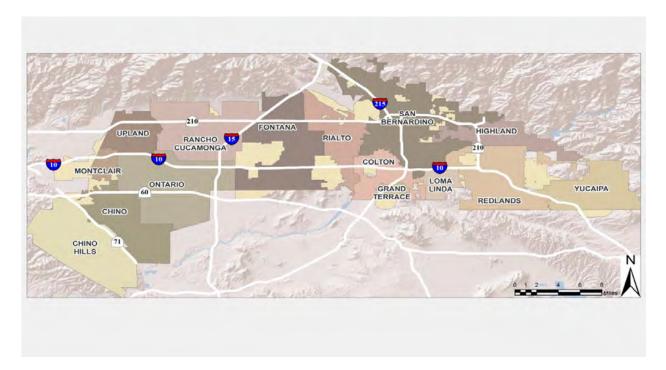
OmniTrans was founded in 1976 under a Joint Powers Agreement to provide transportation service to the San Bernardino Valley. OmniTrans is the major public transportation provider in the San Bernardino Valley, with a service area of approximately 456 square miles, serving fifteen municipalities, and many unincorporated areas of San Bernardino County. OmniTrans also travels beyond the service area to Pomona and Riverside, to provide links to neighboring transit agencies. The service area is bordered by the Los Angeles County line to the west, the San Gabriel and San Bernardino Mountains to the north, Yucaipa in the east and the Riverside County line to the south. The map below shows the OmniTrans service area. Employees work out of two locations: East Valley (San Bernardino) and West Valley (Montclair).

The board of directors, made up of elected officials from each of the member jurisdictions, governs the Agency. The member jurisdictions include the following:

| City of Chino         | City of Highland         | City of Redlands       |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| City of Chino Hills   | City of Loma Linda       | City of Rialto         |
| City of Colton        | City of Montclair        | City of San Bernardino |
| City of Fontana       | City of Ontario          | City of Upland         |
| City of Grand Terrace | City of Rancho Cucamonga | City of Yucaipa        |
|                       | County of San Bernardino |                        |

Each city has one member and the County of San Bernardino has five members on the Board, who represent their respective County Districts. The Board is responsible for all policy, regulatory, and budgetary decisions of the Agency.

### Service Area Map



Four Board committees oversee specific functional areas of the Agency with the provision to create ad-hoc committees as needed. These subcommittees are:

- 1. Executive Committee
- 2. Administrative and Finance Committee
- 3. Plans and Programs Committee
- 4. Operations and Safety Committee

As of June 30, 2016, OmniTrans had a staff of 657 employees to provide its services. The CEO/General Manager is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Agency and acts as the liaison to the Board of Directors and each of the committees. Reporting to the CEO/General Manager are the following departments:

- 1. Administration
- 2. Human Resources
- 3. Maintenance
- 5. Marketing & Planning
- 6. Operations
- 7. Safety and Security
- 8. Integrated Project Management Office
- 9. Finance
- 10. Information Technology
- 11. Procurement
- 12. Special Transit Services

As cited in its Joint Powers Agreement (JPA), OmniTrans was created as a single umbrella agency to serve the bus transit needs of the San Bernardino Valley. Provisions were made in the JPA to: 1) Establish a uniform fare policy within the service area, 2) To coordinate a region wide bus transit marketing program, and 3) To consolidate bus transit operating and administrative functions in order to achieve increased economies of scale.

To meet the bus transportation service demands efficiently and effectively, OmniTrans uses a multimodal approach to the provisions of service. The Family of Services that OmniTrans currently offers are summarized below:

# sbX Bus Rapid Transit

- The sbX Green line is a Bus Rapid Transit Line that serves the E Street Corridor in the cities of San Bernardino and Loma Linda.
- The sbX Green Line operates on weekdays from 6:00 AM with the last trip departing at 8:00 PM. It offers 10 minute peak service 6:00 AM to 9:00 AM and 3:00 PM to 6:00 PM. Off-peak service frequency is 15 minutes.
- The sbX Green Line is 15.7 miles long, with 5.4 miles of dedicated bus-only lanes. sbX has 16 named station locations and 23 platforms that offer enhanced amenities including level boarding, NexTrip arrival signs, ticket vending machines and custom shelters and benches.

# **Freeway Express Service**

- OmniTrans operates two freeway express routes designed to allow for fast and efficient
  movement of passengers throughout our service area providing key connections to
  neighboring transit agencies.
- Route 215 is a cross-county service provided by OmniTrans that connects Downtown San Bernardino at the San Bernardino Transit Center to Downtown Riverside at the Riverside Transit Agency's Downtown Terminal. This route travels Interstate 215 and operates on 20/30-minute frequencies weekday and a 30-minute frequency on weekends.
- Route 290 is a cross San Bernardino Valley Freeway Express Route that travels along Interstate 10 connecting key destinations including Downtown San Bernardino at the San Bernardino Transit Center, Arrowhead Regional Medical Center, Ontario Mills and Montclair at the Montclair Transit Center, where connections to Foothill Transit's service to eastern Los Angeles County are available. The route primarily operates peak commute periods, but added some mid-day trips during Fiscal Year 2015-16.

### **Local Fixed Route Service**

- In accordance with the Operational Standards for the provision of service, OmniTrans operates 26 traditional local fixed routes and five OmniGo local circulator routes as of June 30, 2016.
- Routes operate at 15 to 70 minute intervals.
- All routes operate Monday through Friday with service beginning at 3:33 AM and ending at 11:31 PM. On Saturdays there are 24 routes and four OmniGo circulators in operation with service beginning at 4:47 AM and ending at 10:45 PM. On Sundays there are 22 routes and four OmniGo circulators in service which begin at 5:18 AM and end at 8:42 PM.
- Coordinated local fixed-route service with Orange County Transit Authority, Foothill Transit, Riverside Transit Agency, and Mountain Transit, Pass Transit and Victor Valley Transit Authrotiy; operated under Cooperative and/or Joint Service Agreements between OmniTrans and neighboring transit operators.

### **OmniGo Circulator Service**

- OmniGo is a small bus fixed route community circulator service that operates in the cities of Chino Hills, Grand Terrace, and Yucaipa.
- OmniGo connects points of interest within each city and provides connectivity to OmniTrans fixed route bus service.
- All OmniGo services are contracted out by OmniTrans and operated by a private contractor.
- OmniGo fares are the same as those for other OmniTrans fixed route bus services.

# **FY16 Fixed-Route Service Frequency by Route**

| Route |         | Service   | Service Days/Frequency |          |        |  |  |
|-------|---------|---|------------------------|----------|--------|--|--|
| Count | Route   | Route Name  | Weekday                | Saturday | Sunday |  |  |
| 1     | 1       | ARMC - San Bernardino - Del Rosa                              | 15                     | 30       | 30     |  |  |
| 2     | 2       | Cal State - E Street - Loma Linda                             | 60                     | 20       | 20     |  |  |
| 3     | 3       | Baseline - Highland - San Bernardino CCW                      | 15                     | 20       | 20     |  |  |
| 4     | 4       | Baseline - Highland - San Bernardino CW                       | 15                     | 20       | 20     |  |  |
| 5     | 5       | South Waterman - Del Rosa - Cal State                         | 30                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 6     | 7       | N. San Bernardino - Sierra Way - San Bernardino               | 30/60                  | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 7     | 8       | San Bernardino - Mentone – Crafton Hills                      | 30/60                  | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 8     | 10      | Fontana - Baseline - San Bernardino                           | 30/60                  | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 9     | 11      | San Bernardino - Muscoy - Cal State                           | 30/60                  | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 10    | 14      | Fontana - Foothill - San Bernardino                           | 15                     | 15       | 15     |  |  |
| 11    | 15      | Fontana - San Bndo/Highland - Redlands                        | 30                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 12    | 19      | Fontana –Colton-RedlandsYucaipa                               | 30                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 13    | 20      | Fontana Metrolink - Via Hemlock - Kaiser                      | 60                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 14    | 22      | North Rialto - Riverside Ave - ARMC                           | 30                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 15    | 29      | Bloomington - Valley Blvd - Kaiser                            | 60                     | 60       | *      |  |  |
| 16/17 | 308/309 | OmniGo: Yucaipa   | 30/60                  | 30       | 60     |  |  |
| 18    | 310     | OmniGo: Yucaipa   | 30/60                  | *        | *      |  |  |
| 19    | 325     | OmniGo: Grand Terrace   | 70                     | 70       | 70     |  |  |
| 20    | 215     | San Bernardino – Riverside                                    | 20/30                  | 30/60    | 30/60  |  |  |
| 21    | 290     | San Bernardino-ARMC-Ontario Mills-Montclair<br>Transit Center | 30/60/120              | *        | *      |  |  |
| 22    | 61      | Fontana-Ontario Mills-Pomona                                  | 15                     | 15       | 15     |  |  |
| 23    | 66      | Fontana-Foothill BlvdMontclair                                | 15/30                  | 30       | 30     |  |  |
| 24    | 67      | Chaffey-Baseline-Fontana                                      | 60                     | *        | *      |  |  |
| 25    | 80      | Ontario International Airport-Vineyard-Chaffey<br>College     | 60                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 26    | 81      | Chino-Haven-Chaffey College                                   | 30/60                  | 60       | *      |  |  |
| 27    | 82      | Rancho Cucamonga-Fontana-Sierra Lakes                         | 260                    | 65       | 65     |  |  |
| 28    | 83      | Upland-Euclid-Chino   | 60                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 29    | 84      | Upland-Mountain Ave-Chino                                     | 60                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |
| 30    | 85      | Chino-Montclair-Chaffey College                               | 30                     | 60       | 60     |  |  |

| 31 | 86  | S. Ontario-Campus-San Antonio Hospital | 60    | *  | *  |
|----|-----|--|-------|----|----|
| 32 | 88  | Chino Hills-Ramona Ave-Montclair       | 60    | 60 | 60 |
| 33 | 365 | OmniGo: Chino Hills                    | 60    | 60 | 60 |
| 34 | sbX | Green Line                             | 10/15 | *  | *  |

<sup>\*</sup> No Saturday or Sunday Service (as applicable)

### **Metrolink Regional Commuter Rail Feeder Service**

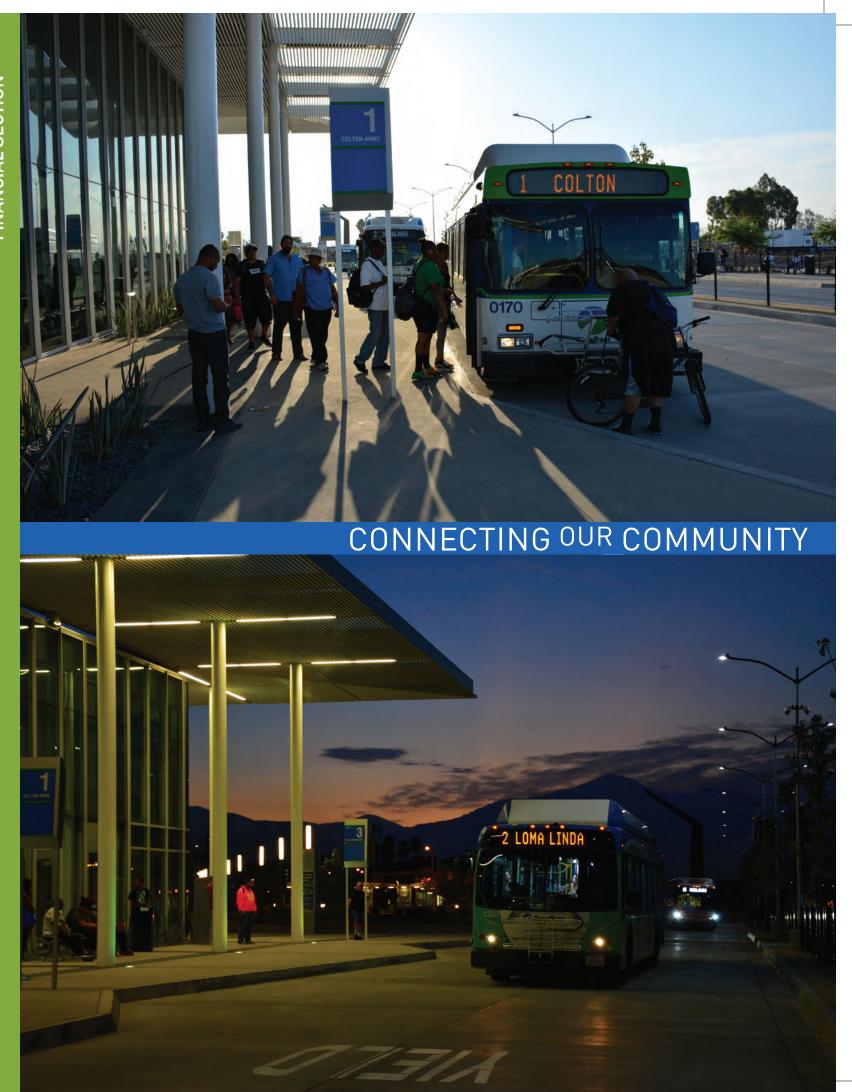
- Metrolink service is provided between OmniTrans service area, Los Angeles, Riverside, Orange, Ventura and San Diego Counties by Southern California Regional Rail Authority.
- OmniTrans provides feeder bus service to eight Metrolink Stations located in San Bernardino, Rialto, Fontana, Rancho Cucamonga, Upland, Montclair, East Ontario and Pomona.
- Metrolink ticket/pass is good for a free ride going to or leaving from any Metrolink Station that an OmniTrans bus serves. Tickets must be valid for the date on which you're riding the bus.

### Access

- In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), OmniTrans provides wheelchair lift equipped vans for origin-to-destination transportation services.
- Reservations for service must be made one day in advance of your travel needs, with the option to call up to seven days in advance.
- Access operates during the same days and hours as fixed route buses within a <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile range of routes.
- Who can ride Access? Those persons with an OmniTrans (or other transit agency) ADA certification ID card. Persons with an OmniTrans Disability card. Personal Care Attendants providing personal care to an ADA certified rider. Companions (Adult accompanying person with a disability) and/or Children of a qualified Adult ADA certified rider. (Maximum of two children 46" tall and under may ride free. Children under age 6 and/or under 60 pounds must travel in a rider supplied child restraint device).



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Omnitrans San Bernardino, California

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Omnitrans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Omnitrans' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Omnitrans as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, Omnitrans implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, effective July 1, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on page 3 through 11, the schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios on page 38, and the schedule of contributions on page 39, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Omnitrans' basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited Omnitrans' 2015 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those financial statements in our report dated January 28, 2016. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2017, on our consideration of Omnitrans' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Omnitrans' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

January 10, 2017

As management of OmniTrans (the Agency), we offer the readers of the Agency's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the transmittal letter and financial statements, which are included in this report.

### **Financial Highlights**

- At the end of fiscal year 2016, the Statement of Net Position presents total assets of \$276.0 million. An increase of \$17.7 million above the close of the previous fiscal year-end. The majority of this increase is attributed to the accrual of Urbanized Area Formula Grant 5307 revenue and the replacement of revenue service vehicles that had reached their useful life.
- Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2016 increased \$8.8 million or 51.8 percent compared to last fiscal year-end. At fiscal year-end OmniTrans' Urbanized Area Formula Grant 5307 for FY2016 was still in the approval process and not available for drawdown.
- Capital assets increased \$7.7 million or 3.9 percent compared to the previous fiscal year-end. The increase is attributed to replacement of revenue service vehicles that had reached their useful life.
- Accounts payable at fiscal year end June 30, 2016 increased \$4.8 million or 58.2 percent above the previous fiscal year-end. The increase is attributed to accrual of goods and services received on or before June 30, 2016. These accruals consisted mainly of trades payable from operations, capital purchases, and purchased transportation
- Operating revenues decreased \$1.1 million or 6.8 percent compared to the previous fiscal year-end. Operating expenses, excluding depreciation, at fiscal year-end June 30, 2016 decreased \$0.7 million or 1.0 percent compared to last fiscal year end.
- Non-operating revenues, which include federal and local operating grants, interest income, CNG fuel credit, and other non-operating revenues offset by pass-through and donation to other agencies, loss on disposals, and interest expense increased by \$75.1 million or 437.1 percent. Fiscal year end June 30, 2016 had \$0.0 million in donation to other agency compared to \$72.1 million in the prior fiscal year.
- Capital assistance decreased \$2.8 million or 7.4 percent from \$37.2 million at fiscal year end June 30, 2015 to \$34.4 million at fiscal year end June 30, 2016.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual financial report consists of two parts, Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the financial statements, including notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. The Agency financial statements offer key, high-level financial information about the Agency's activities.

The Agency is a government funded entity that follows enterprise fund accounting and presents its financial statement on the accrual basis of accounting. The enterprise fund concept is similar to how private business enterprises are financed and operated.

The statements of net position include information on all of the Agency's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and change in net position present information regarding how the Agency net position changed during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, and amounts are measurable, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

### **Financial Statements Analysis**

The following tables summarize revenues, expenses and changes in net position comparing fiscal year 2016 with fiscal year 2015. For additional information regarding the Agencies financial activities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, readers are encourage to read this section in conjunction with the accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

### **Revenues and Expenses**

### Revenues

OmniTrans total revenues for fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 show a \$9.5 million or 8.7% increase compared to last fiscal year-end. Revenue from fares, pass and ticket sales less discount to pass sale vendors was \$1.2 million below the previous fiscal year-end. Total advertising and other transportation revenues were \$731.5 thousand compared to \$586.8 thousand for the previous fiscal year-end.

Federal and local operating grants for OmniTrans increased from \$55.1 million in fiscal year 2015 to \$68.2 million in fiscal year 2016. This represents a \$13.1 million or 23.8 percent increase in federal and local operating grants revenue. OmniTrans receives federal, state, and local funding which are utilized for both operating and capital expenditures.

Financing the construction, operation and maintenance of public transportation systems involves many different types of funding sources, including federal and non-federal grants, and other revenue sources. The source of federal and local operating grants and capital assistance OmniTrans receive include the following:

- Measure I the ½ cent sales tax collected throughout San Bernardino County for transportation improvements.
- Local Transportation Fund (LTF) Transportation Development Act (TDA) earmark ¼ percent of the state sales tax for transit.
- Urbanized Area Formula Program (5307) transit capital and operating assistance in urbanized areas and for transportation-related planning.
- Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) established to support surface transportation projects and other related efforts that contribute air quality improvements and provide congestion relief.
- Job Access and Reverse Commute (JARC) established to improve access to transportation services to employment and employment related activities for welfare recipients and eligible low-income individuals and to transport residents of urbanized areas and non-urbanized areas to suburban employment opportunities.
- New Freedom a formula grant program aims to provide additional tools to overcome existing barriers facing Americans with disabilities seeking integration into the work force available to people with disabilities beyond the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA).
- State Transit Assistance Fund (STAF) derived from sales tax on gasoline and diesel fuel, this funding is an allocation to local transit agencies to fund a portion of the operations and capital costs associated with local mass transportation programs.
- Public Transportation Modernization, Improvement, and Service Enhancement Account Program (PTMISEA) - created by Proposition 1B, is funding available to transit operators over a ten-year period. PTMISEA funds may be used for transit rehabilitation, safety or modernization improvements, capital service enhancements or expansions, new capital projects, bus rapid transit improvements, or rolling stock (buses and rail cars) procurement, rehabilitation or replacement.

Interest income for the Agency consists of quarterly return on investment with the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). The LAIF program offers local agencies the opportunity to participate in a major portfolio, which invests hundreds of millions of dollars, using the investment expertise of the State Treasurer's Office at no additional cost. Total interest income for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was \$172.1 thousand or 295.8 percent above previous fiscal year-end.

Revenue from the Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) fuel tax credit for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 increased \$84.1 thousand or 6.3 percent compared to last fiscal year-end. The credit initially went into effect October 1, 2006 and expired December 31, 2009. Congress extended this credit three times.

The first extension extended the credit for 2011, and made it retroactive for fuel sales or use during 2010. The second extension occurred January 3, 2013, and extended the availability of the 50-cent credit through the end of 2013 and made it retroactive for 2012. The third extension extended the credit for 2014.

The Senate Committee on Finance approved semi-annual extensions of several business tax credits and deductions in July 2015. The extensions included the extension of the Alternative Fuel Tax Credit for calendar year 2015 and 2016.

Other non-operating revenues consists mainly of quarterly reimbursement to the Agency from the Amalgamated Transit Union (ATU) Local 1704 for wages and benefits paid by the Agency to ATU Officers/Stewards during normal work hours to process grievances. Total other non-operating revenues decreased \$22.2 thousand or 70.4 percent below last fiscal year-end.

#### **OMNITRANS' Revenues**

|   |                   |             |             | Percent    |
|---|-------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
|   |                   |             | Increase    | Increase   |
|   | <u>2016</u>       | <u>2015</u> | (Decrease)  | (Decrease) |
| Passenger fares                         | \$<br>13,809,102  | 15,015,499  | (1,206,397) | (8.0)      |
| Advertising revenue                     | 673,669           | 532,322     | 141,347     | 26.6       |
| Other Transportation Revenue            | 57,832            | 54,440      | 3,392       | 6.2        |
| Federal and local operating grants      | 68,179,717        | 55,090,857  | 13,088,860  | 23.8       |
| Capital assistance                      | 34,402,150        | 37,167,461  | (2,765,311) | (7.4)      |
| Interest Income                         | 172,124           | 43,486      | 128,638     | 295.8      |
| CNG fuel tax credit                     | 1,408,668         | 1,324,615   | 84,053      | 6.3        |
| Other non-operating revenues/(expenses) | 9,328             | 31,549      | (22,221)    | (70.4)     |
| Total Revenue                           | \$<br>118,712,590 | 109,260,229 | 9,452,361   | 8.7        |

### **Expenses**

Total expenses for fiscal year-end 2016 decreased \$60.0 million or 38.1 percent compared to the previous fiscal year-end. Increases in wages, salaries, and benefits, general and administrative expenses, Capital purchases pass-through to other agencies, depreciation, and miscellaneous expenses was offset by decreases in purchased transportation services, materials and supplies, professional and technical services, advertising and printing, loss on disposal of capital assets and donation to other agency. Expenses from fiscal year 2015 include \$72.1 million in donation to other agency of capitalized assets.

Wages, salaries and benefits increased \$1.1 million or 2.7 percent over the previous fiscal year-end. This increase is mainly attributed to the agreement between OmniTrans and the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 1704 effective through March 31, 2016. The agreement included a 2.75% in Year 3.

Material and supplies decreased \$1.9 million or 20.7 percent under last fiscal year-end. The decrease is attributed to the lower than average price of compressed natural gas (CNG) and unleaded gasoline used to fuel service and support vehicles.

OmniTrans, as a direct grantee of FTA funding, is responsible for complying with specific FTA requirements. San Bernardino Associated Governments (SANBAG) conducts the solicitation, evaluation and selection process for FTA funds. However OmniTrans does participate in the evaluation process as well, and is solely responsible for project management oversight for sub-recipients. The pass-through to other agencies represents federal and local reimbursements to sub-recipients for cost incurred on approved projects. Pass-through payments to other agencies increased \$10.2 million or 788.4 percent compared to the previous fiscal year-end.

### **OMNITRANS' Expenses**

|                                     |      |             |             |              | Percent    |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
|                                     |      |             |             | Increase     | Increase   |
|                                     |      | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | (Decrease)   | (Decrease) |
| Wages, salaries, and benefits       | \$   | 42,770,831  | 41,697,176  | 1,073,655    | 2.7        |
| Purchased transportation services   |      | 9,041,314   | 9,261,048   | (219,734)    | (2.4)      |
| General and administrative expenses |      | 6,921,994   | 6,344,136   | 577,858      | 9.1        |
| Materials and supplies              |      | 7,288,414   | 9,191,072   | (1,902,658)  | (20.7)     |
| Capital purchases                   |      | 932,312     | 503,602     | 428,710      | 85.1       |
| Professional and technical services |      | 2,392,693   | 3,066,686   | (673,993)    | (22.0)     |
| Advertising and printing            |      | 918,087     | 939,460     | (21,373)     | (2.3)      |
| Pass-through to other agencies      |      | 11,531,009  | 1,297,931   | 10,233,078   | 788.4      |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets  |      | 310,480     | 323,574     | (13,094)     | (4.0)      |
| Depreciation                        |      | 15,222,998  | 12,742,411  | 2,480,587    | 19.5       |
| Miscellaneous                       |      | 405,197     | 362,530     | 42,667       | 10.8       |
| Donation to Other Agency            | _    | 0           | 72,050,046  | (72,050,050) | 100.0      |
| Total Expenses                      | \$ _ | 97,735,329  | 157,779,672 | (60,047,700) | (38.1)     |

#### **Net Position**

The Agency's total net position for fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 increased \$21.0 million or 11.0 percent above fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Total assets for the fiscal year increased \$17.7 million or 6.8 percent. This is due primarily to the increase in receivables and the replacement of revenue service vehicles that reached its useful life.

Total liabilities increased \$590.7 thousand or 0.9 percent compared to the previous fiscal year-end. Current liabilities increased \$1.1 million or 2.4 percent due to accrual of goods and services received on or before June 30, 2016. This was offset by a reduction in long-term liabilities of \$509.7 thousand or 3.1 percent.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension as required by GASB 68 decreased \$3.4 million or 38.1 percent below the previous fiscal year. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 deferred inflows of resources was \$5.5 million. The \$5.5 million is the sum of deferred inflows of resources based on changes of assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on the pension plan investments. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include contribution made subsequent to the measurement date.

# **OMNITRANS' Statement of Net Position**

|              |                                     |    | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | Increase (Decrease) | Percent<br>Increase<br>(Decrease) |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|----|-------------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Assets:      |                                     |    |             |             |                     |                                   |
|              | Current and other assets            | \$ | 71,745,770  | 61,750,576  | 9,995,194           | 16.2                              |
|              | Net Capital Assets                  |    | 204,298,178 | 196,610,392 | 7,687,786           | 3.9                               |
|              | Total Assets                        | ,  | 276,043,948 | 258,360,968 | 17,682,980          | 6.8                               |
| Deferred ou  | tflow of resources:                 |    |             |             |                     |                                   |
|              | Deferred amount on pensions         |    | 5,539,084   | 5,057,296   | 481,788             | 100.0                             |
|              | Total Deferred outflow of resources |    | 5,539,084   | 5,057,296   | 481,788             | 100.0                             |
| Liabilities: |                                     |    |             |             |                     |                                   |
|              | Current Liabilities                 |    | 47,856,106  | 46,755,675  | 1,100,431           | 2.4                               |
|              | Long-term Liabilities               |    | 16,013,397  | 16,523,112  | (509,715)           | (3.1)                             |
|              | Total Liabilities                   |    | 63,869,503  | 63,278,787  | 590,716             | 0.9                               |
| Deferred in  | flow of resources:                  |    |             |             |                     |                                   |
|              | Deferred amount on                  |    |             |             |                     |                                   |
|              | pension (Note 8)                    |    | 5,518,924   | 8,921,206   | (3,402,282)         | (38.1)                            |
|              | Total Deferred inflow of resources  | ,  | 5,518,924   | 8,921,206   | (3,402,282)         | (38.1)                            |
| Net Position | 1:                                  |    |             |             |                     |                                   |
|              | Invested in capital assets          |    | 204,298,178 | 196,481,291 | 7,816,887           | 4.0                               |
|              | Unrestricted (Note 13)              |    | 7,896,427   | (5,263,020) | 13,159,447          | (250.0)                           |
| Total Net P  | osition                             | \$ | 212,194,605 | 191,218,271 | 20,976,334          | 11.0                              |

# **Changes in Net Position**

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position table illustrate and compare the various categories of assets, liabilities and net position for the two fiscal years.

# **OMNITRANS' Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position**

|  | Fiscal Year<br>2016 | Fiscal Year<br>2015 | Increase (Decrease) | Percent<br>Increase<br>(Decrease) |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Revenues:                                    |                     |                     | <u> </u>            |                                   |
| Passenger fares                              | \$<br>13,809,102    | 15,015,499          | (1,206,397)         | (8.0)                             |
| Advertising revenues                         | 673,669             | 532,322             | 141,347             | 26.6                              |
| Other transportation revenues                | 57,832              | 54,440              | 3,392               | 6.2                               |
| Total revenues                               | 14,540,603          | 15,602,261          | (1,061,658)         | (6.8)                             |
| Expenses:                                    |                     |                     |                     |                                   |
| Depreciation and amortization                | 15,222,998          | 12,742,411          | 2,480,587           | 19.5                              |
| Other operating expenses                     | 70,670,842          | 71,365,710          | (694,868)           | (1.0)                             |
| Total expenses                               | 85,893,840          | 84,108,121          | 1,785,719           | 2.1                               |
| Nonoperating Revenue/(Expenses)              |                     |                     |                     |                                   |
| Fed. & local operating grants (Note 3)       | 68,179,717          | 55,090,857          | 13,088,860          | 23.8                              |
| Interest income                              | 172,124             | 43,486              | 128,638             | 295.8                             |
| Interest expense                             | (927)               | (2,426)             | 1,499               | (61.8)                            |
| Pass-through to other agencies (Note 10)     | (11,531,009)        | (1,297,931)         | (10,233,078)        | 788.4                             |
| CNG fuel tax credit                          | 1,408,668           | 1,324,615           | 84,053              | 6.3                               |
| Donation to other agency                     | 0                   | (72,050,046)        | 72,050,046          | 0.0                               |
| Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)       | (301,152)           | (292,025)           | (9,127)             | 3.1                               |
| Total nonoperating revenues                  | 57,927,421          | (17,183,470)        | 75,110,891          | (437.1)                           |
| Income before capital contribution           | (13,425,816)        | (85,689,330)        | 72,263,514          | (84.3)                            |
| Capital contributions                        |                     |                     |                     |                                   |
| Capital assistance                           | 34,402,150          | 37,167,461          | (2,765,311)         | (7.4)                             |
| Total capital contributions                  | 34,402,150          | 37,167,461          | (2,765,311)         | (7.4)                             |
| Change in net position                       | 20,976,334          | (48,521,869)        | 69,498,203          | (143.2)                           |
| Net position, beginning of year              | 191,218,271         | 254,691,559         | (63,473,288)        | (24.9)                            |
| Prior Period Adjustment                      |                     | (14,951,419)        | 14,951,419          | 0.0                               |
| Net position, beginning of year, as restated | 191,218,271         | 239,740,140         |                     |                                   |
| Net position, end of year                    | \$<br>212,194,605   | 191,218,271         | 20,976,334          | 11.0                              |

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2016, the Agency had a total of \$204.3 million invested in capital assets. This total represents an overall increase of \$7.7 million or 3.9% above the prior fiscal year-end total of \$196.6 million. The majority of the increase in capitalized assets was associated with the purchase of revenue service vehicles that reached its useful life. This increase was offset by the increase in depreciation in these categories.

### **OMNITRANS'** Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

|                                | Fiscal Year 2016  | Fiscal Year 2015 | Increase (Decrease) | Percent<br>Increase<br>(Decrease) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Buildings and improvements     | \$<br>150,143,093 | 108,559,520      | 41,583,573          | 38.3                              |
| Operations equipment           | 122,094,304       | 114,988,700      | 7,105,604           | 6.2                               |
| Furniture and office equipment | 38,705,664        | 37,358,411       | 1,347,253           | 3.6                               |
| Construction in progress       | 12,092,370        | 44,725,273       | (32,632,903)        | (73.0)                            |
| Land                           | 10,522,709        | 10,522,709       | 0                   | 0.0                               |
| Accumulated depreciation       | (129,259,962)     | (119,544,221)    | (9,715,741)         | 8.1                               |
| Total capital assets           | \$<br>204,298,178 | 196,610,392      | 7,687,786           | 3.9                               |

Additional information regarding the Agency's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2016, the Agency had \$21.5 million in long-term liabilities compared to \$22.0 million at June 30, 2015. The June 30, 2015 balance decreased \$453.5 thousand to include a decrease in claims payable by \$1.7 million or 21.1 percent offset by an increase in the Net pension liability of \$1.3 million or 12.3 percent. Additional information regarding the Agency's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 4 to the Basic Financial Statements.

### **OMNITRANS' Long-Term Liabilities**

|                             | \$   | Fiscal Year  2016 | Fiscal Year 2015 | Increase (Decrease) | Percent<br>Increase<br>(Decrease) |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Claims payable              |      | 6,218,525         | 7,884,314        | (1,665,789)         | (21.1)                            |
| Capital leases              |      | 0                 | 129,101          | (129,101)           | (100.0)                           |
| Compensated absences        |      | 3,705,393         | 3,634,716        | 70,677              | 1.9                               |
| Net pension liability       |      | 11,607,160        | 10,336,490       | 1,270,670           | 12.3                              |
| Total long-term liabilities | \$ _ | 21,531,078        | 21,984,621       | (453,543)           | (2.1)                             |

### **Next Year's Budget**

OmniTrans prepares an operating and capital budget annually that is approved by the Board of Directors prior to the beginning of its fiscal year. The operating budget for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 increased proportionately due to the launch of the SBTC for service to our customers. The challenge going forward is containing cost, and providing safe, dependable, and quality public transit service at current levels.

The capital budget consists of a multi-year program that includes the fixed route, access service, and support vehicle replacement. Funding for these major projects have been identified, approved by the Board of Directors, and committed to those projects.

### **Contacting the Agency's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, stakeholders, and creditors with an overview of the Agency's financial operations and condition. If you have a question about this report or need additional information, you may contact the Agency's Finance Director at 1700 W. 5<sup>th</sup> Street, San Bernardino, California 92411-2401.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

|   |    | 2016        | 2015           |
|---|----|-------------|----------------|
| ASSETS:   |    |             |                |
| CURRENT ASSETS:                                   |    |             |                |
| Cash and investments (Note 2)                     | \$ | 43,002,683  | \$ 42,154,334  |
| Receivables:                                      |    |             |                |
| Accounts, net of allowances                       |    | 205,862     | 135,029        |
| Interest  |    | -           | 9,034          |
| Intergovernmental                                 |    | 25,765,790  | 16,971,427     |
| Inventory   |    | 2,250,255   | 2,006,703      |
| Prepaid items                                     |    | 521,180     | 474,049        |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS                              |    | 71,745,770  | 61,750,576     |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS:                                |    |             |                |
| Capital assets, not depreciated (Note 5)          |    | 22,615,079  | 55,247,982     |
| Capital assets, depreciated, net (Note 5)         |    | 181,683,099 | 141,362,410    |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS                           |    | 204,298,178 | 196,610,392    |
| TOTAL ASSETS                                      |    | 276,043,948 | 258,360,968    |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:                    |    |             |                |
| Deferred amount on pensions (Note 8)              |    | 5,539,084   | 5,057,296      |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES               |    | 5,539,084   | 5,057,296      |
| LIABILITIES:                                      |    |             |                |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES:                              |    |             |                |
| Accounts payable                                  |    | 13,061,404  | 8,256,718      |
| Accrued salaries and benefits                     |    | 2,532,348   | 2,161,099      |
| Interest payable                                  |    | _           | 464            |
| Unearned revenue                                  |    | 26,744,673  | 30,875,885     |
| Compensated absences payable -                    |    |             |                |
| current portion (Note 4)                          |    | 2,460,759   | 2,409,511      |
| Capital leases payable - current portion (Note 4) |    | -           | 129,101        |
| Claims payable - current portion (Note 4)         |    | 3,056,922   | 2,922,897      |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES                         |    | 47,856,106  | 46,755,675     |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:                           |    |             |                |
| Compensated absences payable (Note 4)             |    | 1,244,634   | 1,225,205      |
| Claims payable (Note 4)                           |    | 3,161,603   | 4,961,417      |
| Net Pension Liability (Note 8)                    |    | 11,607,160  | 10,336,490     |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES                      |    | 16,013,397  | 16,523,112     |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES                                 |    | 63,869,503  | 63,278,787     |
| DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:                     |    |             |                |
| Deferred amount on pensions (Note 8)              |    | 5,518,924   | 8,921,206      |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES                |    | 5,518,924   | 8,921,206      |
| NET DOGGETON                                      |    |             |                |
| NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets    |    | 204,298,178 | 196,481,291    |
| Unrestricted                                      |    | 7,896,427   | (5,263,020)    |
| TOTAL NET POSITION                                | •  |             |                |
| TOTAL NET POSITION                                | •  | 212,194,605 | \$ 191,218,271 |

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

|  | 2016   |    | 2015   |
|--|--|----|--|
| OPERATING REVENUES: Passenger fares Advertising revenue Other transportation revenue   | \$<br>13,809,102<br>673,669<br>57,832  | \$ | 15,015,499<br>532,322<br>54,440  |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES   | 14,540,603   |    | 15,602,261   |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and benefits Purchased transportation services General and administrative Materials and supplies Capital purchases Professional and technical services Advertising and printing Depreciation Miscellaneous                | 42,770,831<br>9,041,314<br>6,921,994<br>7,288,414<br>932,312<br>2,392,693<br>918,087<br>15,222,998 |    | 41,697,176<br>9,261,048<br>6,344,136<br>9,191,072<br>503,602<br>3,066,686<br>939,460<br>12,742,411 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES   | 405,197  |    | 362,530<br>84,108,121  |
| OPERATING EXPENSES  OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)  | 85,893,840<br>(71,353,237)   |    | (68,505,860)   |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Federal and local operating grants Interest income Interest expense Pass-through to other agencies (Note 10) Loss on disposal of capital assets CNG fuel credit Donation to other agency Other nonoperating revenues | 68,179,717<br>172,124<br>(927)<br>(11,531,009)<br>(310,480)<br>1,408,668                           |    | 55,090,857<br>43,486<br>(2,426)<br>(1,297,931)<br>(323,574)<br>1,324,615<br>(72,050,046)<br>31,549 |
| TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)   | <br>57,927,421   |    | (17,183,470)   |
| INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS  CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:  Capital assistance   | <br>34,402,150   |    | (85,689,330) 37,167,461  |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION   | 20,976,334   |    | (48,521,869)   |
| NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR  | 191,218,271  |    | 254,691,559  |
| Prior Period Adjustment  |  |    | (14,951,419)   |
| NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED   | 191,218,271  |    | 239,740,140  |
| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR  | \$<br>212,194,605  | \$ | 191,218,271  |

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

|  | <br>2016  | <br>2015  |
|--|---|---|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Nonoperating miscellaneous receipts Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services                                   | \$<br>14,469,770<br>1,417,996<br>(23,075,528)<br>(46,608,094) | \$<br>15,730,472<br>1,243,289<br>(36,024,320)<br>(43,804,197) |
| Net cash used for operating activities   | (53,795,856)  | <br>(62,854,756)  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:<br>Federal, state, and local operating grants<br>Pass-through payments to other agencies  | 68,179,717<br>(11,531,009)                                    | 55,090,857<br>(1,297,931)                                     |
| Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities  | 56,648,708  | 53,792,926  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital leases Interest paid on capital leases Capital grants received                                  | (23,221,264)<br>(129,101)<br>(1,391)<br>21,166,095            | (36,184,741)<br>(139,168)<br>(2,596)<br>32,887,367            |
| Net cash used for capital and related financing activities   | <br>(2,185,661)   | <br>(3,439,138)   |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investments Interest received  | 3,190,000<br>(4,430,606)<br>181,158                           | 55,321,513<br>(33,457,023)<br>48,396                          |
| Net cash provided by/(used for) investing activities   | (1,059,448)   | 21,912,886  |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents   | (392,257)   | 9,411,918   |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR   | 23,605,806  | 14,193,888  |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR   | \$<br>23,213,549  | \$<br>23,605,806  |
| RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO AMOUNTS REPORTED ON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Reported on statement of net position: Cash and investments Less investments not meeting the definition of cash and cash equivalents | \$<br>43,002,683<br>(19,789,134)                              | \$<br>42,154,334<br>(18,548,528)                              |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR   | \$<br>23,213,549  | \$<br>23,605,806  |
|  |   | (Continued)   |

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

|  |                        | 2016         | 2015               |
|--|------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) | \$                     | (71,353,237) | \$<br>(68,505,860) |
| Adjustments to net cash used by operating activities:  |                        |              |                    |
| Pension expense  |                        | (2,613,400)  | (751,019)          |
| Depreciation   | epreciation 15,222,998 |              | 12,742,411         |
| Nonoperating miscellaneous income  |                        | 1,417,996    | 1,356,164          |
| Realized (gain) loss on sale of capital assets   |                        | 310,480      | 323,574            |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable   |                        | (70,833)     | 128,211            |
| (Increase) decrease in inventory   |                        | (243,552)    | (219,504)          |
| (Increase) decrease in prepaid items   |                        | (47,131)     | (59,438)           |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  |                        | 4,804,686    | (6,400,418)        |
| Increase (decrease) in salaries and benefits payable   |                        | 371,249      | 58,181             |
| Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable  |                        | 70,677       | 81,660             |
| Increase (decrease) in claims payable  |                        | (1,665,789)  | (1,608,718)        |
| NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES   | \$                     | (53,795,856) | \$<br>(62,854,756) |

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Nature of Business

Omnitrans was organized on March 8, 1976, by a joint powers agreement between the County of San Bernardino, California and the following cities: Chino; Colton; Fontana; Loma Linda; Montclair; Ontario; Redlands; Rialto; San Bernardino; and Upland under Section 6506 of the California Government Code for the purpose of providing transit services under a single agency. The following cities were added thereafter: Rancho Cucamonga and Grand Terrace in 1979; Highland in 1988; Yucaipa in 1990; and Chino Hills in 1992.

Omnitrans provides a variety of transit services to the public of San Bernardino County. These services include bus operations, purchased transportation services with independent contractors and demand response transportation services. Omnitrans also functions as a "pass-through" administrative agency for various federal, state and local grants.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Omnitrans is accounted for as an enterprise fund (proprietary fund type). Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

#### Classification of Revenues and Expenses

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal operations. The principal operating revenues of Omnitrans consist of bus transit services. Non-operating revenues consist of federal, state and local operating grants, and investment income. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. Expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating expenses. Non-operating expenses primarily consist of payments to pass-through agencies and interest expense.

Capital contributions consist of grants that are legally restricted for capital expenses by federal, state or local law that established those charges.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is Omnitrans' policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates, and have an original maturity date of three months or less.

#### Investments and Fair Value Measurement

Investments are reported in the accompanying Statement of Net Position at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during the fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*

As of July 1, 2015, Omnitrans implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. Omnitrans categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Omnitrans provides an allowance for doubtful accounts for all accounts deemed uncollectible. As of June 30, 2016, all accounts were deemed collectible resulting in an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0.

#### Inventories

Inventories consist of operations vehicles' parts and fuel in storage held for consumption. The parts and fuel in storage are stated at the lower of cost (average cost method) or market. The value of parts and fuel held in storage as of June 30, 2016 was \$2,250,255.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are valued at cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value. Omnitrans capitalizes all assets with a historical cost of at least \$2,000 and a useful life of at least one year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets used by Omnitrans is charged as an expense against its operations. Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

|                                | Number of |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Category                       | Years     |
| Buildings and improvements     | 5 to 30   |
| Operations equipment           | 3 to 12   |
| Furniture and office equipment | 3 to 20   |

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Omnitrans reports deferred amounts on pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date as outflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Omnitrans reports deferred amounts on pensions.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*

#### Compensated Absences

It is Omnitrans' policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits up to certain limits. Management, non-exempt, and coach operator employees begin to accrue vested sick leave hours after six months of service. Upon voluntary resignation, retirement or death and after six months of service, management and non-exempt employees or their estate are paid for any unused sick leave up to a maximum of 50 percent of the available sick leave hours not to exceed 1,200 hours (e.g. 50 percent of 1,200 hours would be paid at 600 hours). Represented employees begin to accrue vested sick leave hours after reaching a certain amount of service time based upon their respective work classification. Teamsters accrue sick leave after 1,040 hours of actual hours worked and Amalgamated Transit Union (ATU) members are after their first year of continuous full-time employment, based upon their respective work classification. Upon voluntary resignation, retirement, or death, and after a certain amount of years of service (ATU members after 8 years of service and Teamsters after 10 years of service), represented employees or their estate are paid for any unused sick leave up to a maximum of 50 percent of available sick leave hours not to exceed 1,200 hours (e.g. 50 percent of 1,200 hours would be paid at 600 hours).

Full-time non-represented employees begin to accrue vacation hours after 6 months of service. Employee vacation credits may be accrued and accumulated up to a maximum of two (2) years total accumulated vacation credits. Eligible employees with an annual accrual of three (3) or more weeks of vacation per year, after taking 80 hours vacation, shall be permitted to request two (2) weeks pay in lieu of time off. Represented employees will accrue vacation benefits in accordance with the provisions of their respective Memorandum of Understanding (MOU).

Accumulated unpaid vacation and vested sick leave pay is recorded as an expense and a liability at the time the benefit is earned. Total compensated absences payable was \$3,705,393 at June 30, 2016.

#### Prior Year Data

Selected information regarding the prior year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with Omnitrans' prior year financial statements, from which this selected financial data was derived.

#### Federal, State and Local Grants

Federal, state and local governments have made various grants available to Omnitrans for operating assistance and acquisition of capital assets. Grants for operating assistance, the acquisition of equipment or other capital outlay are not formally recognized in the accounts until the grant becomes a valid receivable as a result of Omnitrans complying with appropriate grant requirements. Operating assistance grants are included in non-operating revenues in the year in which the grant is applicable and the related expenses are incurred. Revenues earned under capital grants are recorded as capital contributions.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*

#### Pass-Through Activities

Revenues associated with grants, where Omnitrans serves as the administrating agent, are recorded as either non-operating revenues or capital contributions based on the approved use of the grant. The related expense is recorded as "pass-through to other agencies" in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as the expenses do not support the operations of Omnitrans nor provide an asset.

#### Pension

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Omnitrans' California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position**

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation and by any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those assets.

*Unrestricted net position* is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflow of resources, deferred inflow of resources, and liabilities that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets listed above.

#### Use of Estimates/Reclassifications

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures at the date of the financial statements and results for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain amounts in the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

#### Effective in this Fiscal Year

GASB Statement No. 72 – In March, 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which generally requires state and local governments to measure investments at fair value. GASB's goal is to enhance comparability of governmental financial statements by requiring fair value measurement for certain assets and liabilities using a consistent definition and accepted valuation techniques. This standard expands fair value disclosures to provide comprehensive information for financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position. The implementation of this standard's effect is disclosed in Note 2 – Cash and Investments.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*

New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Effective in this Fiscal Year (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 73 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, or the 2015-2016 fiscal year. Omnitrans has determined that the requirements of this statement effective in the current year do not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 76 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this statement is to reduce the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP from the four categories under GASB Statement No. 55. This standard was implemented without material impact on Omnitrans' financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 79 – In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The objective of this Statement is to address for certain external investment pools and their participants the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from changes in the regulatory provisions referenced by previous accounting and financial reporting standards. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015 - except for certain provisions related to portfolio quality and the provision related to the monthly shadow price calculation, which are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This standard did not have a material impact on Omnitrans' financial statements.

#### Effective in Future Fiscal Years

GASB Statement No. 74 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Omnitrans has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 75 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45 and No. 57. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Omnitrans has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)*

New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Effective in Future Fiscal Years (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 77 – In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The objective of this Statement is to provide financial statement users with essential information about the nature and magnitude of the reduction in tax revenues through tax abatement programs. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Omnitrans has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 78 – In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68 to exclude certain pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. Omnitrans has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 80 – In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*. The Statement improves financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Omnitrans has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 81 – In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Omnitrans has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 82 – In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No 68 and No. 73. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Omnitrans has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

| Cash on hand                         | \$<br>9,200      |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Deposits with financial institutions | 23,204,349       |
| Investments                          | <br>19,789,134   |
|                                      | \$<br>43,002,683 |

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

Omnitrans categorizes the fair value at its investments based on the framework and hierarchy established by Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurements and Application*. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB 72 are described as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> — Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 — Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Ouoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

<u>Level 3</u> — Unobservable inputs that are based on the best available information under the circumstances.

The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by Omnitrans to estimate the fair value of its investments. There have been no changes in the methods and assumptions used at June 30, 2016. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Omnitrans' management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The asset's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by Omnitrans' management. Omnitrans' management considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs of its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to Omnitrans' management's perceived risk of that investment.

Deposits and withdrawals in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, Omnitrans' proportionate share of investments in the LAIF at June 30, 2016 of \$14,483,635 is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)*

Omnitrans has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

|  |                             | Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis Using:                                     |      |   |  |      |
|--|-----------------------------|---|------|---|--|------|
| Investment by Fair Value Level                 | Balance at<br>June 30, 2016 | Quoted Prices<br>(Unadjusted) in<br>Active markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Obse | uificant Other<br>ervable Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significa<br>Unobserva<br>Inputs<br>(Level 3 | able |
|  |                             |   |      |   | (Level 3                                     | "    |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit             | \$ 3,285,965                | \$ -  | \$   | 3,285,965                                     | \$   | -    |
| U.S. Government Sponsored                      |                             |   |      | -   |  | -    |
| Enterprise Securities: FNMA                    | 2,019,534                   |   |      | 2,019,534                                     |  | -    |
| Total Cash and Investments by Fair Value Level | \$ 5,305,499                | \$ -  | \$   | 5,305,499                                     | \$   | -    |
| LAIF   | 14,483,635                  |   |      |   |  |      |
| <b>Total Cash and Investments</b>              | \$ 19,789,134               |   |      |   |  |      |

#### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code or Omnitrans' Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the California Government Code (or Omnitrans' investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or Omnitrans' investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, and concentration of credit risk.

|   |          | Maximum      | Maximum       |
|---|----------|--------------|---------------|
| Authorized  | Maximum  | Percentage   | Investment    |
| Investment Type                                   | Maturity | of Portfolio | in One Issuer |
| Local Agency Bonds                                | 5 years  | None         | None          |
| U.S. Treasury Obligations                         | 5 years  | None         | None          |
| Federal Agency Securities                         | 5 years  | None         | None          |
| Banker's Acceptances                              | 180 days | 40%          | 30%           |
| Commercial Paper                                  | 270 days | 25%          | 10%           |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit                | 5 years  | 30%          | None          |
| Repurchase Agreements                             | 1 year   | 20%          | None          |
| Medium - Term Notes                               | 5 years  | 30%          | None          |
| Local Agency Investment Fund                      | N/A      | None         | None          |
| California Asset Management Program (CAMP)        | N/A      | None         | None          |
| California Local Agency Securities System (CLASS) | N/A      | None         | None          |

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)*

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The investment policy of Omnitrans provides safety and liquidity guidelines for managing interest rate risk.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of Omnitrans' investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of Omnitrans' investments by maturity:

|                                    | Remaining Investment Maturities |              |              |    |            |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----|------------|
|                                    | 12 Months                       | 1 to 3       | 3 to 5       |    | Fair       |
| Investment Type                    | Or Less                         | Years        | Years        |    | Value      |
| Local Agency Investment Fund       | \$ 14,483,635                   | -            | -            | \$ | 14,483,635 |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 250,997                         | \$ 2,522,510 | \$ 512,458   |    | 3,285,965  |
| U.S. Government Sponsored          |                                 |              |              |    |            |
| Enterprise Securities:             |                                 |              |              |    |            |
| FNMA                               |                                 |              | 2,019,534    |    | 2,019,534  |
| <b>Total Cash Investments</b>      | \$ 14,734,632                   | \$ 2,522,510 | \$ 2,531,992 | \$ | 19,789,134 |

#### **Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The table below represents the minimum rating required by the California Government Code (where applicable), or Omnitrans' investment policy, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

|                                    |               | Minimum |              |               |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------|--------------|---------------|
|                                    |               | Legal   |              |               |
| Investment Type                    | Total         | Rating  | AA+          | Unrated       |
| Local Agency Investment Fund       | \$ 14,483,635 | (1)     |              | \$ 14,483,635 |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 3,285,965     | (1)     |              | 3,285,965     |
| U.S. Government Sponsored          |               |         |              |               |
| Enterprise Securities:             |               |         |              |               |
| FNMA                               | 2,019,534     | (1)     | \$ 2,019,534 |               |
| Total                              | \$ 19,789,134 |         | \$ 2,019,534 | \$ 17,769,600 |

#### (1) Not Applicable

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of Omnitrans' investment in a single issue. The investment policy of Omnitrans contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2016, there were no investments with any single issuer that represented 5% or more of Omnitrans' total investments.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)*

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, Omnitrans will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and Omnitrans' investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Omnitrans' deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2016, Omnitrans had deposits of \$25,921,920 held in excess of federal depository insurance corporation (FDIC) limits covered by collateralization described above.

#### Investment in LAIF

Omnitrans is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429.1 through 16429.4 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is a governmental investment pool managed and directed by the California State Treasurer and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. An oversight committee comprised of California State officials and various participants provide oversight to the management of the fund. The daily operations and responsibilities of LAIF fall under the auspices of the State Treasurer's office. The fair value of Omnitrans' investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon Omnitrans' pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

#### NOTE 3 – FEDERAL STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS

Omnitrans receives operating and capital assistance from various federal, state and local sources.

#### Federal Assistance

Under the provision of the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), funds are available to Omnitrans for preventive maintenance, security, and various capital costs.

#### <u>Transportation Development Act Assistance</u>

Pursuant to provisions of the 1971 Transportation Development Act (TDA), as amended, the California State Legislature enacted the Local Transportation Fund (LTF) and the State Transit Assistance Fund (STAF) to provide operating and capital assistance for public transportation. These funds are received from the County of San Bernardino based on annual claims filed by Omnitrans and approved by the San Bernardino Associated Governments (SANBAG), the regional transportation planning entity.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 3 – FEDERAL STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS (CONTINUED)

To be eligible for TDA funds, Omnitrans must maintain a ratio of passenger fares to operating costs of not less than 20.00% for general public transit service and 10.00% for specialized service for the elderly and handicapped. After considering certain cost exemption provisions of the TDA, Omnitrans' ratios for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 were 22.30% for general public transit service, and 18.77% for specialized service for the elderly and handicapped.

In accordance with 6634 of the TDA, an operator may not receive TDA funds in an amount that exceeds its actual operating costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, Omnitrans recognized revenue for TDA funds in the amount of \$53,689,420.

#### Measure I

Omnitrans receives Measure I funds for paratransit operating costs. Measure I funds are derived from a locally imposed 0.5% retail sales and use tax on all taxable sales within the County of San Bernardino. The allocation and administration of Measure I is performed by SANBAG.

#### Proposition 1B

The Public Transportation Modernization, Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA) Fund is a part of the State of California's Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Bond Act), approved by California voters as Proposition 1B on November 7, 2006. A total of \$19.9 billion was deposited into the PTMISEA fund, \$3.6 billion of which was made available to project sponsors in California for allocation to eligible public transportation projects over a 10-year period. Proposition 1B funds can be used for rehabilitation, safety or modernization improvements, capital service enhancements or expansions, new capital projects, bus rapid transit improvements, or for rolling stock procurement, rehabilitation or replacement. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, Proposition 1B cash receipts and cash disbursements were as follows:

| Unspent Proposition 1B funds as of June 30, 2015   | \$<br>30,643,603 |
|--|------------------|
| Proposition 1B funds received during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016                           | 257,132          |
| Proposition 1B expenses incurred during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016                        | (5,920,552)      |
| Interest revenue earned on unspent Proposition 1B funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 | 96,448           |
| Change in fair market value of investments held during   |                  |
| the year ended June 30, 2016   | 62,322           |
|  | \$<br>25,138,953 |

The amount of unspent Proposition 1B funds noted above is included in unearned revenue on the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2016.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 3 – FEDERAL STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS (CONTINUED)

Operating assistance is summarized as follows for the year ended June 30:

| Federal Assistance                              | \$<br>10,933,319 |
|---|------------------|
| LTF   | 47,077,141       |
| STAF  | 3,957,303        |
| Measure I                                       | 5,600,000        |
| County-Based Medi-Cal Administrative Activities | 611,954          |
|   | \$<br>68,179,717 |

Capital contributions for the year ended June 30 were as follows:

| Federal Assistance | \$<br>24,769,213 |
|--------------------|------------------|
| LTF                | 1,229,546        |
| STAF               | 3,765,025        |
| Measure I          | 849,211          |
| CalTrans           | 3,789,155        |
|                    | \$<br>34,402,150 |

#### **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

|                             | Balance at    |              |                | Balance at    | Due Within   | Amount Due      |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
|                             | June 30, 2015 | Additions    | Deletions      | June 30, 2016 | One Year     | Beyond One Year |
| Compensated absences        | \$ 3,634,716  | \$ 2,441,835 | \$ (2,371,158) | \$ 3,705,393  | \$ 2,460,759 | \$ 1,244,634    |
| Capital leases              | 129,101       | -            | (129,101)      | -             | -            | -               |
| Claims payable              | 7,884,314     | 53,206       | (1,718,995)    | 6,218,525     | 3,056,922    | 3,161,603       |
| Net pension liability       | 10,336,490    | 6,383,822    | (5,113,152)    | 11,607,160    |              | 11,607,160      |
| Total Long-Term Liabilities | \$ 21,984,621 | \$ 8,878,863 | \$ (9,332,406) | \$ 21,531,078 | \$ 5,517,681 | \$ 16,013,397   |

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

|   | Balance at June 30, 2015 | Additions     | Retirements     | Balance at<br>June 30, 2016 |
|---|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| CAPITAL ASSETS, NOT DEPRECIATED:        |                          |               |                 |                             |
| Land                                    | \$ 10,522,709            | -             | -               | \$ 10,522,709               |
| Construction in progress                | 44,725,273               | \$ 23,254,604 | \$ (55,887,507) | 12,092,370                  |
| Total assets, not depreciated           | 55,247,982               | 23,254,604    | (55,887,507)    | 22,615,079                  |
| CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATED:            |                          |               |                 |                             |
| Buildings and improvements              | 108,559,520              | 41,583,573    | -               | 150,143,093                 |
| Operations equipment                    | 114,988,700              | 13,110,597    | (6,004,993)     | 122,094,304                 |
| Furniture and office equipment          | 37,358,411               | 1,347,253     |                 | 38,705,664                  |
| Total capital assets, depreciated       | 260,906,631              | 56,041,423    | (6,004,993)     | 310,943,061                 |
| LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATED FOR:       |                          |               |                 |                             |
| Buildings and improvements              | (27,981,260)             | (5,319,588)   | -               | (33,300,848)                |
| Operations equipment                    | (58,557,370)             | (7,858,300)   | 5,507,254       | (60,908,416)                |
| Furniture and office equipment          | (33,005,591)             | (2,045,107)   |                 | (35,050,698)                |
| Total accumulated depreciation          | (119,544,221)            | (15,222,995)  | 5,507,254       | (129,259,962)               |
| Total capital assets, depreciation, net | 141,362,410              | 40,818,428    | (497,739)       | 181,683,099                 |
| Capital assets, net                     | \$ 196,610,392           | \$ 64,073,032 | \$ (56,385,246) | \$204,298,178               |

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$15,222,995

#### **NOTE 6 – OPERATING LEASES**

Omnitrans leases facilities and tires under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$742,747 during the year ended June 30, 2016. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

| Year Ending | TD - 1        |
|-------------|---------------|
| June 30,    | <br>Total     |
| 2017        | \$<br>528,475 |
| 2018        | 174,724       |
| 2019        | 167,029       |
| 2020        | <br>110,449   |
| Total       | \$<br>980,677 |

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Omnitrans is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; and natural disasters for which they carry commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The outstanding claims at June 30, 2016 were estimated to be \$6,218,525 and were based on an IBNR study performed in fiscal year 2015-2016. Changes in the fund claims liability amount for the last two fiscal years are as follows:

| Year Ending  | В  | eginning of   | Pro    | ovisions of |        | Claim       | E                  | and of Year |         |  |           |  |
|--------------|----|---------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|---------|--|-----------|--|
| <br>June 30, | Ye | ear Liability | Claims |             | Claims |             | r Liability Claims |             | Payment |  | Liability |  |
| 2015         | \$ | 9,493,032     | \$     | 387,969     | \$     | (1,996,687) | \$                 | 7,884,314   |         |  |           |  |
| 2016         |    | 7,884,314     |        | 53,206      |        | (1,718,995) |                    | 6,218,525   |         |  |           |  |

For the current fiscal year, Omnitrans changed the IBNR confidence level from 80% to 50%, this resulted in a liability decrease from the prior year of \$1,665,000, of which \$1,176,000 is attributed to the change in confidence level.

Omnitrans is a member of the Association of California Public Transit Operators Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is a risk-pooling self-insurance authority, created under provisions of California law in 1987. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage.

At June 30, 2016, Omnitrans' participation in the self-insurance programs of the Authority is as follows:

- Liability: Including General, Automobile, Public Officials Errors & Omissions, and Employment Practices. Omnitrans is self-insured up to \$10,000,000 per occurrence and has purchased re-insurance and excess insurance coverage.
- Vehicle Physical Damage Program: Including Collision and Comprehensive. Omnitrans is self-insured up to \$ 100,000 per each occurrence less deductible and has purchased reinsurance and excess insurance coverage.

Separate financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at 1415 L Street, Suite 200, Sacramento, California 95814.

Omnitrans has also purchased additional insurance coverage outlined below:

- Workers Compensation Liability: Omnitrans is self-insured for workers' compensations claims up to \$1,000,000 with a limit of liability of \$5,000,000 and excess coverage up to \$95,000,000.
- Property Liability: Omnitrans is self-insured for property damage up to \$100,000,000 per occurrence. Omnitrans has also purchased earthquake and flood coverage for damage, for which it is self-insured up to \$25,000 for an earthquake and \$50,0000 for a flood per occurrence, with a limit of liability of \$20,000,000 per occurrence.
- Cyber Liability: Omnitrans has self-insured for Cyber Liability up to \$2,000,000 per member \$25,000,000 Annual Policy & Program Aggregate for members combined.
- Crime Liability: Omnitrans is self-insured for employee dishonesty and theft up to \$1,000 per occurrence, with a limit of liability up to \$50,000.
- Pollution Liability: Omnitrans is self-insured for pollution remediation claims up to \$100,000 per occurrence with a limit of liability of \$10,000,000 per occurrence and \$50,000,000 in aggregate.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Employment Related Practices Liability: Omnitrans is self-insured for employment related practices liability claims up to \$5,000,000 with a limit of liability of \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

For the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection has had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage.

#### NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

All qualified employees are eligible to participate in the Omnitrans' Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan, an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the plan are established, and may be amended, by State statute and Omnitrans resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

|   | Miscell          | laneous          |
|---|------------------|------------------|
|   | Prior to         | On or after      |
| Hire Date                                 | January 1, 2013  | January 1, 2013  |
| Benefit formula                           | 2% @ 55          | 2% @ 62          |
| Benefit vesting schedule                  | 5 years service  | 5 years service  |
| Benefit payments                          | monthly for life | monthly for life |
| Retirement age                            | 50 - 55          | 52 - 67          |
| Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary | 2.0% to 2.7%     | 1.0% to 2.5%     |
| Required employee contribution rates      | 7%               | 6.75%            |
| Required employer contribution rates      | 11.788%          | 11.788%          |

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

#### **Employees Covered**

At June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

|  | Miscellaneous |
|--|---------------|
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 371           |
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits    | 375           |
| Active employees   | 657           |
| Total  | 1403          |

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Omnitrans is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rates of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Omnitrans contributed the following:

|                          | Wiiscerraneous |  |
|--------------------------|----------------|--|
| Contributions - employer | \$ 3,481,193   |  |
| Contributions - employee | 2,057,891      |  |

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### B. Net Pension Liability

Omnitrans' net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2015, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

|                           | Miscellaneous                |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Valuation Date            | June 30, 2014                |
| Measurement Date          | June 30, 2015                |
| Actuarial Cost Method     | Entry-Age Normal Cost Method |
| Actuarial Assumptions:    |                              |
| Discount Rate             | 7.65%                        |
| Inflation                 | 2.75%                        |
| Payroll Growth            | 3.00%                        |
| Projected Salary Increase | 3.3% - 14.2% (1)             |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.65% (2)                    |
| Mortality                 | (3)                          |

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all Funds

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the probabilities of mortality on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### **Change of Assumptions**

GASB Statement 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50 percent used for the June 30, 2014, measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65 percent used for the June 30, 2015, measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense, in accordance with GASB Statement 68.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund ("PERF"). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB Statement 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

| Asset Class                   | <b>Target Allocation</b> | Real Return Years<br>1 - 10 (a) | Real Return Years 11+ (b) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Global Equity                 | 51.0%                    | 5.25%                           | 5.71%                     |
| Global Fixed Income           | 19.0%                    | 0.99%                           | 2.43%                     |
| Inflation Sensitive           | 6.0%                     | 0.45%                           | 3.36%                     |
| Private Equity                | 10.0%                    | 6.83%                           | 6.95%                     |
| Real Estate                   | 10.0%                    | 4.50%                           | 5.13%                     |
| Infrastructure and Forestland | 2.0%                     | 4.50%                           | 5.09%                     |
| Liquidity                     | 2.0%                     | -0.55%                          | -1.05%                    |
| Total                         | 100%                     |                                 |                           |

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Plan follows:

|   | Increase (Decrease)        |             |                                |             |                                 |             |
|---|----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
|   | Total Pension<br>Liability |             | Plan Fiduciary<br>Net Position |             | Net Pension<br>Liability/(Asset |             |
| Balance at June 30, 2015                                      | \$                         | 142,043,308 | \$                             | 131,706,818 | \$                              | 10,336,490  |
| Changes in the year:  |                            |             |                                |             |                                 |             |
| Service Cost  | \$                         | 4,752,183   | \$                             | -           | \$                              | 4,752,183   |
| Interest on the total pension liability                       |                            | 10,405,272  |                                |             |                                 | 10,405,272  |
| Changes in assumptions  |                            | (2,654,537) |                                |             |                                 | (2,654,537) |
| Differences between Expected and Actual Experience            |                            | (3,304,350) |                                |             |                                 | (3,304,350) |
| Plan to Plan Resource Movement                                |                            |             | \$                             | 7,386       |                                 | (7,386)     |
| Contribution - employer                                       |                            |             |                                | 3,095,406   |                                 | (3,095,406) |
| Contribution - employee                                       |                            |             |                                | 2,010,360   |                                 | (2,010,360) |
| Net investment income   |                            |             |                                | 2,966,348   |                                 | (2,966,348) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions |                            | (4,887,764) |                                | (4,887,764) |                                 | -           |
| Administrative Expense  |                            |             |                                | (151,602)   |                                 | 151,602     |
| Net changes   |                            | 4,310,804   |                                | 3,040,134   |                                 | 1,270,670   |
| Balance at June 30, 2016                                      | \$                         | 146,354,112 | \$                             | 134,746,952 | \$                              | 11,607,160  |

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of Omnitrans for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what Omnitrans' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

|                       | Miscellaneous |             |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 1% Decrease           |               | 6.65%       |  |  |  |
| Net Pension Liability | \$            | 32,307,190  |  |  |  |
| Current Discount Rate |               | 7.65%       |  |  |  |
| Net Pension Liability | \$            | 11,607,160  |  |  |  |
| 1% Increase           |               | 8.65%       |  |  |  |
| Net Pension Liability | \$            | (5,483,609) |  |  |  |

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about Omnitrans' pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Omnitrans recognized pension expense of \$2,925,684. At June 30, 2016, Omnitrans reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|  | O  | Deferred<br>utflows of<br>Resources | 1  | Deferred<br>inflows of<br>Resources |
|--|----|-------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|
| Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date | \$ | 5,539,084                           |    |                                     |
| Changes of Assumptions                               |    |                                     | \$ | 2,007,089                           |
| Differences between Expected and Actual Experience   |    |                                     |    | 2,498,411                           |
| Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on |    | _                                   |    |                                     |
| pension Plan Investments                             |    |                                     |    | 1,013,424                           |
| Total  | \$ | 5,539,084                           | \$ | 5,518,924                           |

The amount of \$5,539,084 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the next measurement period. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| Year ended |                   |
|------------|-------------------|
| June 30,   |                   |
| 2017       | \$<br>(2,264,319) |
| 2018       | (2,264,319)       |
| 2019       | (2,264,317)       |
| 2020       | <br>1,274,031     |
| Total      | \$<br>(5,518,924) |

#### **NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### Litigation

Omnitrans is subject to lawsuits and claims which arise out of the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, based upon the opinion of legal counsel, the disposition of such actions of which it is aware will not have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations or liquidity of Omnitrans.

#### Contingencies

Omnitrans has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies. Although, such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under the terms of the grants, in the opinion of management, any additional required reimbursement will not have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations or liquidity of Omnitrans.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### *NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)*

#### Commitments

Commitments consist primarily of additions to operations equipment and building improvements. Significant commitments are as follows:

| Project   | <br>Amount<br>Authorized | Cumulative<br>Expenses<br>ne 30, 2016 | nexpended<br>ommitments |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Facilities Future Expansion and Remodel                     | \$<br>1,183,119          | \$<br>907,464                         | \$<br>275,655           |
| Computer Software and Hardware                              | 2,517,200                | 2,330,348                             | 186,852                 |
| E Street Bus Rapid Transit - 10th through Highland Repaving | 5,272,078                | 4,643,553                             | 628,525                 |
| Holt Bus Rapid Transit                                      | 4,994,793                | 2,984,630                             | 2,010,163               |
| CNG Pipeline  | 159,634                  | 109,320                               | 50,314                  |
| Vehicle & Shop Equipment                                    | <br>1,117,363            | <br>1,117,055                         | <br>308                 |
| Total major components of construction in progress          | \$<br>15,244,187         | \$<br>12,092,370                      | \$<br>3,151,817         |

#### **NOTE 10 – PASS-THROUGH GRANTS**

Pass-through activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is summarized as follows:

| Pomona Valley Workshop                | \$        | 263,025    |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|--|
| Pomona Valley Community Service       |           | 126,443    |  |
| City of Yucaipa                       |           | 11,374     |  |
| City of Highland                      |           | (1,915)    |  |
| City of Highland - LTF Funding        |           | 165        |  |
| City of Rialto                        |           | 1,190,321  |  |
| Valley Transportation Services        |           | 221,113    |  |
| Victor Valley Transportation Services |           | 24,714     |  |
| Central City Lutheran                 |           | 65,509     |  |
| Inland Empire United Way              |           | 219,924    |  |
| City of Needles                       | 81        |            |  |
| SANBAG                                | 9,348,611 |            |  |
| OPARC                                 |           | 61,644     |  |
|                                       | \$        | 11,531,009 |  |



CONNECTING OUR COMMUNITY



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

|   |     | 2016        |    | 2015                   |
|---|-----|-------------|----|------------------------|
| <b>Total Pension Liability</b>  |     |             |    |                        |
| Service Cost  | \$  | 4,752,183   | \$ | 5,032,912              |
| Interest on the total pension liability   |     | 10,405,272  |    | 9,875,147              |
| Changes on Benefit Terms  |     | -           |    | -                      |
| Changes of Assumptions  |     | (2,654,537) |    | -                      |
| Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience   |     | (3,304,350) |    | -                      |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions                               |     | (4,887,764) |    | (4,033,818)            |
| Net change in total pension liability   |     | 4,310,804   |    | 10,874,241             |
| Total pension liability - beginning   |     | 142,043,308 |    | 131,169,067            |
| Total pension liability - ending (a)  | \$  | 146,354,112 | \$ | 142,043,308            |
| Plan fiduciary net position   |     |             |    |                        |
| Contributions - employer  | \$  | 3,095,406   | \$ | 2 957 424              |
| Contributions - employee  Contributions - employee  | Ф   | 2,010,360   | Ф  | 2,857,424<br>1,892,148 |
| Net investment income   |     |             |    |                        |
| Other Miscellaneous Income  |     | 2,966,348   |    | 19,522,988             |
|   |     | (4 997 764) |    | (4,033,818)            |
| Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contribution Plan to Plan Resource Movement |     | (4,887,764) |    | (4,055,818)            |
|   |     | 7,386       |    | -                      |
| Administrative Expense  Net change in plan fiduciary net position                           |     | (151,602)   |    | 20,238,742             |
|   |     | 3,040,134   |    |                        |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)            | -\$ | 131,706,818 | \$ | 111,468,076            |
| rian inductary net position - ending (b)  | Φ.  | 134,746,952 | Ф_ | 131,706,818            |
| Plan net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)   | \$  | 11,607,160  | \$ | 10,336,490             |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability                  |     | 92.07%      |    | 92.72%                 |
| Covered employee payroll  |     | 29,803,123  |    | 28,280,626             |
| Plan net pension liability as percentage of covered employee payroll                        |     | 38.95%      |    | 36.55%                 |

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

<sup>\*</sup> - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years of comparative information are shown.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

|  | 2016          | 2015          |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution                      | \$ 3,481,193  | \$ 3,283,410  |
| Contribution in relation to the actuarially              |               |               |
| determined contributions                                 | 3,481,193     | 3,283,410     |
| Contribution deficiency (excess)                         | \$ -          | \$ -          |
| Covered employee payroll                                 | \$ 31,537,606 | \$ 29,803,123 |
| Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll | 11.04%        | 11.02%        |
| Notes to Schedule Valuation date                         | June 30, 2014 | June 30, 2013 |
| Methods and assumptions used to determine                |               |               |

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases

Investment rate of return Retirement age

Mortality

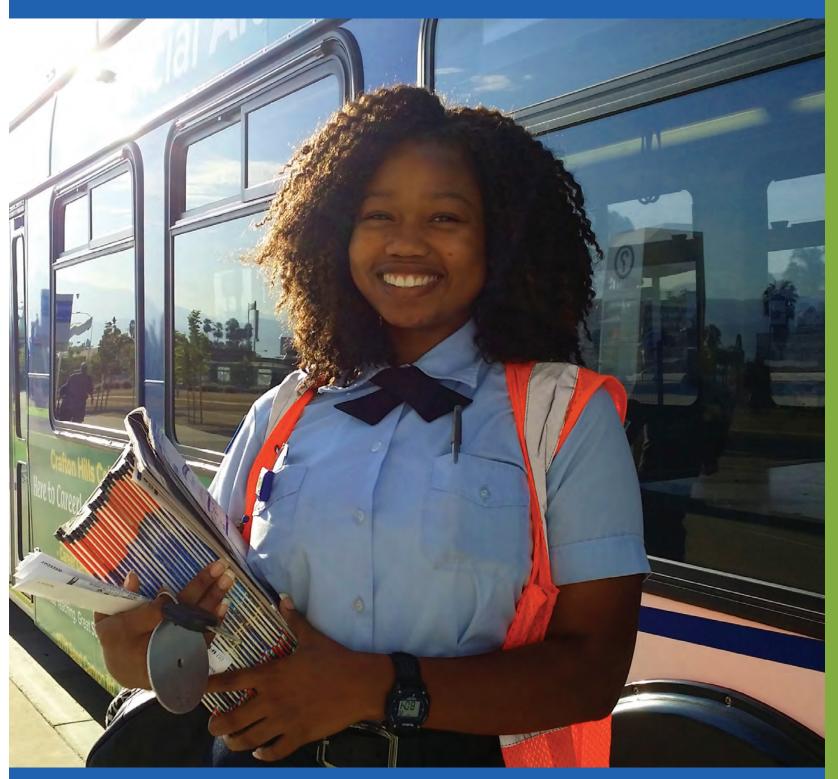
#### **Notes to Schedule:**

\* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years of comparative information are shown.

Entry Age Normal
Level percentage of payroll, closed
20 Years as of the valuation date
15-year smoothed market
2.75%
Varies by entry age and service
7.65% net of pension plan investment

and administrative expenses; includes inflation
57 years

Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds



CONNECTING OUR COMMUNITY



#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of OmniTrans' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about OmniTrans' overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditors.

| Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the OmniTrans financial performance and well-being has changed over time.  | Page<br>40 |
|--|------------|
| Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess OmniTrans' most significant local revenue source, passenger fares.   | 42         |
| The Economy and Economic Outlook  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicator to help the reader understand the environment within OmniTrans' financial activities take place.  | 49         |
| Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in OmniTrans' financial report relates to the services OmniTrans provides and the activities it performs. | 50         |

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant years.

# **NET POSITION BY COMPONENT**

| 2016 | 392 204,298,178 - 101) - 291 204,298,178 020) 7,896,427 271 212,194,605  |
|------|--|
| 2015 | 196,610,395<br>(129,10 <sup>-</sup><br>196,481,29 <sup>-</sup><br>(5,263,020<br>191,218,27 <sup>-</sup>  |
| 2014 | 245,580,650<br>(268,269)<br>245,312,381<br>9,379,178<br>254,691,559  |
| 2013 | 206,992,298<br>(425,391)<br>206,566,907<br>8,547,756<br>215,114,663  |
| 2012 | 136,703,207<br>(590,371)<br>136,112,836<br>8,548,071<br>144,660,907  |
| 2011 | 119,480,534<br>(114,308)<br>119,366,226<br>14,717,794<br>134,084,020   |
| 2010 | 114,540,764<br>(251,129)<br>114,289,635<br>29,320,746<br>143,610,381   |
| 2009 | 94,909,096<br>(241,226)<br>94,667,870<br>33,883,455<br>128,551,325   |
| 2008 | 84,317,308<br>(364,370)<br>83,952,938<br>33,300,903<br>117,253,841   |
| 2007 | \$ 84,731,356<br>(404,372)<br>84,326,984<br>29,683,079<br>\$ 114,010,063   |
|      | Net investment in capital assets Less: Debt offsetting capital assets Total invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted net assets Total net position |

The increase in net position is mainly attributed to the replacement of revenue service vehicles that reached its useful life.

Source: Finance Department

# **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

| Operating Revenues: Passenger fares Advertising revenues Other transportation revenues Total revenues  | \$ 12,761,463<br>\$24,253<br>\$7,862<br>\$ 13,623,578   | 2008<br>13,511,536<br>948,051<br>47,307<br>14,506,894  | 2009<br>13,779,684<br>967,628<br>42,708<br>14,790,020                                     | 2010<br>14,242,013<br>849,585<br>39,752<br>15,131,350                                      | 2011<br>14,538,747<br>909,176<br>41,802<br>15,489,725                                      | 2012<br>14,536,931<br>805,904<br>39,819<br>15,382,654                                   | 2013<br>14,317,987<br>481,994<br>39,819<br>14,839,800      | 2014<br>14,368,317<br>485,327<br>41,978   | 2015<br>15,015,499<br>532,322<br>54,440   | 2016<br>13,809,102<br>673,669<br>57,832<br>14,540,603                                     |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| Operating Expenses: Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses Total expenses:   | 8,323,081<br>66,481,860<br>\$ 74,804,941  | 8,861,306<br>67,756,893<br>76,618,199  | 9,255,553<br>67,770,003<br>77,025,556   | 10,999,458<br>67,501,900<br>78,501,358   | 12,772,455<br>66,529,837<br>79,302,292   | 17,070,294<br>69,206,132<br>86,276,426  | 16,678,098<br>70,539,078<br>87,217,176                     | 14,899,383<br>65,839,285<br>80,738,668  | 12,742,411<br>71,365,710<br>84,108,121  | 15,222,998<br>70,670,842<br>85,893,840  |
| Non-operating Revenues/(Expenses): Federal & local operating grants Interest income Interest expense Pass-through to other agencies Donation to other agency Other non-operating revenues Total non-operating revenues | 52,112,668<br>1,714,629<br>(5,762)<br>(729,007)<br>(305,583)<br>\$<br>\frac{(305,583)}{(8,394,418)} | 55,587,601<br>1,656,529<br>(11,029)<br>(1,254,751)<br>(258,422)<br>55,719,928<br>(6,391,377) | 52,983,639<br>758,950<br>(9,149)<br>(2,779,299)<br>(24,710)<br>50,929,431<br>(11,306,105) | 48,085,804<br>243,098<br>(6,835)<br>(3,031,642)<br>(299,568)<br>44,990,857<br>(18,379,151) | 52,675,797<br>74,302<br>(6,590)<br>(18,754,320)<br>(719,668)<br>33,269,521<br>(30,543,046) | 47,875,811<br>52,727<br>(3,980)<br>(620,108)<br>(246,487)<br>47,057,963<br>(23,835,809) | 54,087,458 24,915 (8,349) (2,254,293) 1,409,847 53,259,578 | 50,785,745<br>44,311<br>(4,580)<br>(4,459,471)<br>118,187<br>46,484,192<br>(19,358,854) | 55,090,857<br>43,486<br>(2,426)<br>(1,297,931)<br>(72,050,046)<br>1,032,590<br>(17,183,470)<br>(85,689,330) | 68,179,717<br>172,124<br>(927)<br>(11,531,009)<br>1,107,516<br>57,927,421<br>(13,425,816) |
| Capital Contributions Capital assistance Contributions from other agencies Total capital contributions   | \$ 14,623,890<br>262,225<br>\$ 14,886,115   | 9,635,155  | 22,603,589<br>0<br>22,603,589   | 33,438,207<br>0<br>33,438,207  | 21,016,685   | 34,412,696<br>0<br>34,412,696   | 89,571,554<br>0<br>89,571,554                              | 58,935,750<br>0<br>58,935,750   | 37,167,461<br>0<br>37,167,461   | 34,402,150<br>0<br>34,402,150   |
| Change in net position Net position, beginning of year   | \$ 6,491,697  | 3,243,778  | 11,297,484  | 15,059,056   | (9,526,361)  | 10,576,887  | 70,453,756   | 39,576,896  | (48,521,869)  | 20,976,334  |
| Prior Period Adjustment (Note 12) Net Position, Beginning Of Year, As Restated Net position, end of year   | \$ 114,010,063  | Restated \$ 114,010,063 117,253,841  | 128,551,325 14.   | 143,610,381  | 134,084,020  | 144,660,907   | 215,114,663  | 254,691,559   | (14,951,419)<br>239,740,140<br>191,218,271  | 191,218,271<br>212,194,605  |

Notes: Pass-through to other agencies for 2011 include return of \$16M in LTF funds to SANBAG for future allocation.

Source: Finance Department

REVENUE SOURCE

| \$4 321 978 \$4 F | <u>2008</u><br><u>2009</u><br>\$4 571 811 \$4 510 511 | 0.511                | £4 715 996             | \$4 756 220            | \$4 564 607            | \$4 512 614            | \$4.399.894            | <u>cruz</u><br>\$4 414 989 | £3 920 383             |
|-------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 5                 | ,<br>4,   | 510,511<br>263,959   | \$4,715,996<br>297,986 | \$4,756,220<br>334,730 | \$4,564,607<br>360,603 | \$4,512,614<br>383,045 | \$4,399,894<br>447,239 | \$4,414,989<br>557,592     | \$3,920,383<br>577,375 |
| 15,<br>313,       | 4,015,846 3,92,<br>613,947 60                         | 3,925,863<br>606,615 | 3,626,533<br>666,085   | 3,540,698<br>716,572   | 3,478,828<br>712,770   | 3,386,969              | 3,534,008              | 3,577,714                  | 3,207,595<br>861,302   |
| 1,197,152         | Ψ,  | 1,299,310            | 1,423,947              | 1,354,296              | 1,125,569              | 1,083,657              | 1,419,430              | 1,574,959                  | 1,354,705              |
| 837,689           |   | 1,010,097            | 1,239,874              | 1,247,839              | 909,534                | 1,014,034              | 524,795                | 579,142                    | 485,891                |
| 86,571            |   | 93,902               | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                          | 0                      |
| 352,027           |   | 367,110              | <b>479,601</b> *       | 542,878                | 571,416                | 591,712                | 560,936                | 622,658                    | 620,869                |
|                   | 0   | 0                    | 0                      | 0                      | 736,134 **             | 531,763                | 755,568                | 753,215                    | 755,318                |
|                   | 0   | 0                    | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 13,154                     | 23,564                 |
|                   | 0   | 0                    | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 41,824                     | 61,588                 |
|                   | 0   | 0                    | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 12,490                     | 16,560                 |
| _                 | 0   | 0                    | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 0                      | 4,394                      | 6,310                  |
| 43,237            |   | 66,712               | 49,419                 | 51,325                 | 100,098                | 54,326                 | 43,628                 | 53,169                     | 54,778                 |
| 227,621           | 34  | 347,973              | 417,670                | 446,094                | 340,581                | 356,291                | 214,219                | 208,442                    | 137,774                |
| 150,814           | _   | 38,454               | 158,044                | 166,246                | 144,141                | 142,900                | 153,870                | 193,297                    | 172,367                |
| 1,032,973         | 66  | 991,817              | 1,023,493              | 1,183,363              | 1,248,892              | 1,275,349              | 1,291,015              | 1,452,471                  | 1,466,273              |
| 5,175             |   | 3,916                | 4,059                  | 12,989                 | 17,071                 | 10,927                 | 17,596                 | 14,181                     | 8,509                  |
| 6,020             | 2   | 21,510               | 16,075                 | 13,340                 | 12,905                 | 8,410                  | 725                    | 0                          | 0                      |
| \$13,397,751      | \$13,647,749  |                      | \$14,118,782           | \$14,366,590           | \$14,323,149           | \$14,122,744           | \$14,176,720           | \$14,967,334               | \$13,761,161           |
|                   |   |                      |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                            |                        |
| 378               | 5   | 54,675               | 41,475                 | 52,705                 | 67,330                 | 42,516                 | 21,644                 | 43,880                     | 0                      |
| 48,104            | 4   | 46,238               | 50,305                 | 26,859                 | 20,777                 | 19,396                 | 18,317                 | 2,821                      | 0                      |
| 22,388            | 2   | 22,368               | 20,570                 | 10,017                 | 8,914                  | 7,629                  | 8,730                  | 1,329                      | 0                      |
| 5,821             |   | 5,495                | 5,994                  | 5,535                  | 4,199                  | 1,701                  | 851                    | 81                         | 0                      |
| 35,960            |   | 297                  | 459                    | 0                      | 54                     | 0                      | 0                      | 0                          | 0                      |
| 1,134             |   | 2,862                | 4,428                  | 2,934                  | 2,304                  | 2,340                  | 2,070                  | 54                         | 0                      |
|                   |   |                      |                        | 69,107                 | 110,204                | 121,661                | 139,985                | 0                          | 47,941 ***             |
| \$113,785         |   | \$131,935            | \$123,231              | \$172,157              | \$213,782              | \$195,243              | \$191,597              | \$48,165                   | \$47,941               |
| \$13.511.536      | 6 \$13 779 68A  |                      | C11 010 010            | C11 F20 717            | £11 E2E 021            | £11 217 007            | \$11 368 317           | \$15 015 Agg               | \$13 809 102           |

<sup>\*</sup> F/R 31-Day Senior and Disable Passes were combined into a single pass.

\*\* Implemented GoSmart Student Pass Program.

\*\*\* OmniLink service rebranded as OmniGo.

Source: Finance Department

# DEMOGRAPHICS AND STATISTICS SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

|     | (B)<br>Personal Income | (B / A)<br>Per Capita |            | School     | Unemployment |
|-----|------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
|     | (000) 1                | Personal Income       | Median Age | Enrollment | Rate         |
|     | 56,940,673             | 28,360                | 30.3       | 427,583    | 5.6%         |
| 4.) | 59,800,525             | 29,244                | 30.3       | 428,142    | 8.0%         |
| 9   | 50,875,315             | 29,759                | 30.3       | 420,325    | 13.6%        |
| 9   | 000,000,000            | 29,684                | 30.3       | 415,549    | 14.3%        |
| 63  | 53,600,000             | 30,974                | 30.9       | 417,202    | 14.3%        |
| 65  | 65,200,000             | 31,574                | 31.2       | 417,000    | 12.2%        |
| 89  | 58,100,000             | 32,726                | 31.7       | 412,155    | 10.4%        |
| 9   | 58,387,465             | 32,747                | 32.4       | 411,583    | 7.4%         |
| 7(  | 70,261,483             | 33,258                | 31.0       | 410,696    | 6.5%         |
| 7   | 72.124.879             | 33,443                | 31.2       | 408,948    | 5.3%         |

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; Bureau of Economic Analysis; California Employment Development Department; California Basic Educational Data Systems (CBEDS); San Bernardino County Economic Forecast; California Department of Education.

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS OF SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

|  |                 | % of Total |      |          |          |          | Rank     | ing      |          |          |          |          |
|--|-----------------|------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Employer   | Employees       | Employment | 2016 | 2015     | 2014     | 2013     | 2012     | 2011     | 2010     | 2009     | 2008     | 2007     |
| Loma Linda University*                           | 10,000 - 15,000 | 1.8%       | 1    | _        | _        | 3        | 3        | 9        | 9        | 3        | 3        | <b>∞</b> |
| U.S. Marine Corps Air Ground Combat Center       | 10,000 - 15,000 | 1.7%       | 2    | 2        | 2        | 4        | 4        | 5        | 5        | 2        | 4        | 4        |
| County of San Bernardino, San Bernardino         | 10,000 - 15,000 | 1.6%       | 3    | 3        | 3        |          | 1        | 3        | 3        | 1        | 1        | 2        |
| Stater Brothers Markets, San Bernardino          | 10,000 - 15,000 | 1.4%       | 4    | 4        | 4        | 9        | 9        |          |          | 5        | 9        | 1        |
| Kaiser Permanente                                | 10,000 - 15,000 | 1.3%       | 5    | 5        | 5        | 6        | 6        | 6        | 6        | <b>∞</b> | 6        | 7        |
| Wal-Mart Stores Inc.                             | 5,000 - 10,000  | 1.1%       | 9    | 9        | 9        | <b>%</b> | <b>∞</b> | <b>∞</b> | <b>∞</b> | 7        | <b>∞</b> | ı        |
| U.S. Army, Fort Irwin & National Training Center | 5,000 - 10,000  | 1.0%       | 7    | 7        | 7        | 2        | 2        | 4        | 4        | 4        | 2        | 3        |
| Ontario International Airport, Ontario           | 5,000 - 10,000  | 1.0%       | ∞    | <b>∞</b> | <b>∞</b> | 7        | 7        | 7        | 7        | ì        | 7        | 9        |
| San Bernardino City Unified School District      | 5,000 - 10,000  | 0.8%       | 6    | 6        | 6        | 5        | 5        | í        | ì        | 9        | 5        | 5        |
| United Parcel Service (UPS)                      | 5,000 - 10,000  | 0.5%       | 10   | 10       | 10       | 10       | 10       | 10       | 10       | 6        | 10       | i i      |
|  |                 |            |      |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |

\* Includes: Loma Linda University, Loma Linda Medical Center, and VA Loma Linda Healthcare Systems

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Inland SoCal, Economy.com

## Riverside San Bernardino Ontario MSA (Riverside and San Bernardino Counties)

Industry Employment & Labor Force Benchmark

| TITLE                                      | Jun-07    | Jun-08    | 90-unf    | Jun-10    | Jun-11    | Jun-12  | Jun-13    | Jun-14    | Jun-15    | Jun-16    |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Civilian Labor Force                       | 1,767,400 | 1,780,400 | 1,777,600 | 1,798,600 | 1,795,300 | 1,798,600 1,795,300 1,811,900 1,819,100 1,807,600 1,940,000 | 1,819,100 | 1,807,600 | 1,940,000 | 1,988,800 |
| Civilian Employment                        | 1,664,200 | 1,637,000 | 1,537,300 | 1,541,000 | 1,542,400 | 1,542,400 1,582,100 1,625,400 1,655,500 1,813,700           | 1,625,400 | 1,655,500 | 1,813,700 | 1,858,100 |
| Civilian Unemployment                      | 103,200   | 143,400   | 240,300   | 257,600   | 252,900   | 229,800   | 193,700   | 152,100   | 126,300   | 130,800   |
| Civilian Unemployment Rate                 | 5.8%      | 8.1%      | 13.5%     | 14.3%     | 14.1%     | 12.7%   | 10.7%     | 8.4%      | 6.5%      | %9'9      |
| Total, All Industries                      | 1,316,200 | 1,274,500 | 1,187,900 | 1,172,600 | 1,163,600 | 1,198,400   | 1,241,900 | 1,277,700 | 1,345,300 | 1,387,400 |
| Total Farm                                 | 22,800    | 21,900    | 20,900    | 21,100    | 19,100    | 20,300  | 18,700    | 18,900    | 17,500    | 12,900    |
| Total Nonfarm                              | 1,293,400 | 1,252,600 | 1,167,000 | 1,151,400 | 1,144,500 | 1,178,100   | 1,223,200 | 1,258,800 | 1,327,800 | 1,374,500 |
| Total Private                              | 1,064,400 | 1,018,800 | 927,700   | 909,800   | 913,700   | 952,000   | 995,700   | 1,028,700 | 1,094,900 | 1,140,800 |
| Goods Producing                            | 237,800   | 203,500   | 159,900   | 147,900   | 146,300   | 152,100   | 156,800   | 160,100   | 176,700   | 192,500   |
| Mining and Logging                         | 1,300     | 1,200     | 1,200     | 1,000     | 1,000     | 1,200   | 1,200     | 1,200     | 1,200     | 1,200     |
| Construction                               | 116,600   | 93,800    | 008'69    | 61,300    | 59,500    | 63,500  | 68,600    | 71,800    | 81,500    | 92,600    |
| Construction of Buildings                  | 20,300    | 16,300    | 12,000    | 10,600    | 10,700    | 10,800  | 11,400    | 12,400    | 13,700    | 14,900    |
| Heavy & Civil Engineering Construction     | 13,000    | 11,700    | 9,100     | 8,200     | 8,900     | 10,400  | 006'6     | 9,700     | 10,400    | 11,800    |
| Specialty Trade Contractors                | 83,300    | 65,800    | 48,700    | 42,500    | 39,800    | 42,300  | 47,300    | 49,700    | 57,400    | 65,900    |
| Building Foundation & Exterior Contractors | 29,200    | 20,800    | 13,600    | 12,400    | 10,800    | 11,700  | 12,500    | 13,700    | 16,700    | 19,600    |
| Building Equipment Contractors             | 21,800    | 19,200    | 15,800    | 13,700    | 13,400    | 13,800  | 16,000    | 17,400    | 18,700    | 21,900    |
| Building Finishing Contractors             | 21,600    | 16,500    | 12,400    | 10,400    | 006'6     | 10,500  | 12,200    | 13,100    | 14,500    | 17,500    |
| Manufacturing                              | 119,900   | 108,500   | 88,900    | 85,500    | 85,800    | 87,400  | 87,000    | 87,100    | 94,000    | 98,700    |
| Durable Goods                              | 83,100    | 73,700    | 58,200    | 55,500    | 56,400    | 57,300  | 57,000    | 57,200    | 62,000    | 64,000    |
| Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing     | 16,100    | 14,900    | 11,900    | 11,500    | 12,200    | 12,700  | 13,000    | 13,400    | 14,900    | 14,800    |
| Nondurable Goods                           | 36,800    | 34,800    | 30,700    | 30,000    | 29,400    | 30,100  | 30,000    | 29,900    | 32,000    | 34,700    |
| Food Mfg & Beverage & Tobacco Product Mfg  | 11,100    | 10,500    | 9,700     | 9,800     | 9,500     | 10,000  | 10,300    | 10,600    | 10,700    | 12,700    |
| Service Providing                          | 1,055,600 | 1,049,100 | 1,007,100 | 1,003,600 | 998,200   | 1,026,000   | 1,066,400 | 1,098,700 | 1,151,100 | 1,182,000 |
| Private Service Providing                  | 826,600   | 815,300   | 767,800   | 761,900   | 767,400   | 006'662   | 838,900   | 868,600   | 918,200   | 948,300   |
| Trade, Transportation & Utilities          | 299,000   | 293,300   | 270,000   | 269,000   | 273,000   | 285,200   | 296,100   | 305,700   | 321,800   | 342,900   |
| Wholesale Trade                            | 26,900    | 22,000    | 48,900    | 48,900    | 49,000    | 52,300  | 55,900    | 57,700    | 62,000    | 64,500    |
| Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods        | 34,500    | 33,000    | 29,100    | 29,200    | 29,200    | 30,800  | 33,100    | 34,300    | 36,000    | 37,100    |
| Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods     | 16,500    | 16,600    | 15,400    | 15,500    | 15,500    | 17,300  | 18,000    | 18,300    | 21,500    | 22,400    |

### Riverside San Bernardino Ontario MSA (Riverside and San Bernardino Counties)

Industry Employment & Labor Force Benchmark (Continued)

| TITLE   | Jun-07  | Jun-08  | 90-unf  | Jun-10  | Jun-11  | Jun-12  | Jun-13  | Jun-14  | Jun-15  | Jun-16  |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Retail Trade                                  | 173,300 | 168,100 | 154,100 | 153,900 | 155,600 | 159,300 | 162,800 | 167,100 | 167,500 | 174,600 |
| Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealer                  | 25,300  | 23,200  | 18,600  | 18,700  | 19,600  | 20,600  | 21,500  | 22,500  | 23,400  | 24,800  |
| Automotive Parts, Accessories & Tire Stores   | 6,400   | 6,300   | 9'000   | 6,400   | 6,500   | 6,800   | 006′9   | 7,000   | 7,200   | 7,300   |
| Building Material & Garden Equipment Stores   | 15,400  | 13,900  | 12,800  | 12,500  | 12,400  | 13,000  | 13,900  | 14,600  | 14,300  | 13,800  |
| Food & Beverage Stores                        | 33,700  | 33,300  | 32,900  | 32,700  | 30,700  | 30,700  | 30,900  | 31,200  | 32,400  | 33,300  |
| Health & Personal Care Stores                 | 8,900   | 9,400   | 000'6   | 9,100   | 9,300   | 009'6   | 006'6   | 10,000  | 10,100  | 10,900  |
| Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores        | 16,100  | 16,200  | 14,400  | 15,600  | 17,100  | 17,600  | 17,700  | 17,700  | 18,000  | 17,000  |
| Clothing Stores                               | 12,400  | 12,600  | 11,200  | 12,300  | 13,400  | 13,700  | 13,500  | 13,500  | 13,600  | 12,400  |
| General Merchandise Stores                    | 37,700  | 37,100  | 36,000  | 35,400  | 34,900  | 35,400  | 36,400  | 36,200  | 38,100  | 40,000  |
| Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities       | 68,800  | 70,200  | 67,100  | 66,200  | 68,400  | 73,600  | 77,400  | 80,900  | 92,300  | 103,800 |
| Utilities                                     | 5,700   | 2,900   | 2,800   | 2,800   | 5,800   | 2,800   | 2,600   | 5,500   | 5,500   | 2,500   |
| Transportation & Warehousing                  | 63,100  | 64,300  | 61,300  | 60,400  | 62,500  | 67,800  | 71,800  | 75,400  | 86,800  | 98,300  |
| Truck Transportation                          | 23,700  | 22,900  | 21,400  | 20,200  | 21,700  | 22,400  | 23,200  | 23,700  | 25,900  | 25,700  |
| General Freight Trucking                      | 16,800  | 16,800  | 16,200  | 15,500  | 16,400  | 16,900  | 17,600  | 18,200  | 19,900  | 20,100  |
| Couriers & Messengers                         | 7,900   | 7,900   | 7,600   | 7,000   | 7,000   | 7,000   | 7,100   | 6,800   | 009'6   | 12,400  |
| Warehousing & Storage                         | 16,100  | 16,900  | 17,200  | 19,300  | 22,100  | 24,400  | 25,900  | 29,400  | 36,000  | 44,400  |
| Information                                   | 15,500  | 14,800  | 14,300  | 14,300  | 12,200  | 11,600  | 11,400  | 11,600  | 11,100  | 11,400  |
| Publishing Industries (except Internet)       | 3,200   | 3,000   | 2,400   | 1,900   | 1,800   | 1,700   | 1,600   | 1,600   | 1,600   | 1,600   |
| Telecommunications                            | 2,900   | 5,800   | 6,300   | 6,800   | 5,700   | 5,400   | 2,500   | 5,900   | 5,500   | 5,300   |
| Financial Activities                          | 50,200  | 46,500  | 42,200  | 40,900  | 39,900  | 40,800  | 42,200  | 42,300  | 44,500  | 43,100  |
| Finance & Insurance                           | 30,500  | 27,500  | 25,900  | 25,400  | 25,300  | 26,000  | 26,500  | 26,100  | 27,500  | 25,800  |
| Credit Intermediation & Related Activities    | 18,200  | 16,500  | 15,300  | 14,900  | 14,900  | 15,000  | 14,900  | 14,400  | 15,000  | 15,300  |
| Depository Credit Intermediation              | 11,000  | 10,800  | 10,100  | 10,100  | 006'6   | 10,000  | 009'6   | 9,500   | 8,900   | 8,700   |
| Nondepository Credit Intermediation           | 5,500   | 4,400   | 4,000   | 3,600   | 4,100   | 3,900   | 3,900   | 3,800   | 4,200   | 3,900   |
| Insurance Carriers & Related                  | 10,300  | 9,100   | 8,900   | 8,800   | 000'6   | 9,500   | 10,000  | 10,100  | 10,800  | 9,200   |
| Insurance Carriers                            | 5,100   | 4,200   | 4,100   | 4,100   | 4,100   | 4,500   | 4,900   | 4,800   | 4,800   | 3,700   |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing                | 19,700  | 19,000  | 16,300  | 15,500  | 14,600  | 14,800  | 15,700  | 16,200  | 17,000  | 17,300  |
| Real Estate                                   | 13,000  | 12,000  | 10,500  | 10,400  | 10,100  | 10,700  | 11,300  | 11,900  | 12,300  | 12,700  |
| Professional & Business Services              | 145,400 | 138,700 | 124,500 | 122,900 | 123,400 | 128,000 | 131,200 | 140,500 | 149,600 | 144,400 |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 40,300  | 39,800  | 36,700  | 34,100  | 34,300  | 36,800  | 36,800  | 39,600  | 43,600  | 39,800  |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises         | 9,700   | 008'6   | 000'6   | 8,700   | 8,600   | 8,400   | 8,900   | 8,700   | 9,100   | 10,000  |
|   |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |

## Riverside San Bernardino Ontario MSA (Riverside and San Bernardino Counties) Industry Employment & Labor Force Benchmark (Continued)

| 95,400<br>92,600<br>8,000<br>18,500<br>14,300<br>4,600<br>126,400<br>126,400<br>126,400<br>10,300<br>117,100<br>117,100<br>117,100<br>117,100<br>117,100<br>117,400<br>99,700<br>41,900<br>54,300<br>15,900<br>15,900<br>15,900<br>15,900<br>15,900<br>16,300<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,400<br>17,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900<br>11,900 | TITLE  | Jun-07  | Jun-08  | 90-unf  | Jun-10  | Jun-11  | Jun-12  | Jun-13  | Jun-14  | Jun-15  | Jun-16  |
|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| rvices 92,600 86,200 76,200 77,500 77,500 87,400 81,800 88,600 92,900 rvices 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 16,000 16,000 11,000 11,000 11,200   | Administrative & Support & Waste Services          | 95,400  | 89,100  | 78,800  | 80,200  | 80,400  | 82,800  | 85,500  | 92,200  | 006'96  | 94,600  |
| Signation         47,000         36,300         37,200         36,400         37,100         37,500         40,900         43,200           Incress         8,000         8,000         9,600         10,800         11,800         11,800         13,500         13,200  | Administrative & Support Services                  | 92,600  | 86,200  | 76,200  | 77,500  | 77,400  | 79,400  | 81,800  | 88,600  | 92,900  | 90,700  |
| Nuces 8,000 8,000 1,000   | Employment Services                                | 53,100  | 47,000  | 36,300  | 37,200  | 36,400  | 37,100  | 37,500  | 40,900  | 43,200  | 46,200  |
| lings 18,500 17,300 16,400 16,100 16,200 17,000 18,100 18,700 18,500 14,000 15,200 14,000 15,200 15,  | Investigation & Security Services                  | 8,000   | 8,000   | 009'6   | 006'6   | 10,800  | 11,100  | 11,800  | 12,500  | 13,200  | 13,600  |
| 140,700 148,500 155,100 152,800 155,800 154,400 181,300 187,900 195,800 ce essional Schools 126,400 151,00 15,600 14,900 15,500 15,600 15,000 15,000 15,000 14,900 15,200 16,800 17,000 19,000 126,800 126,400 133,400 131,200  | Services to Buildings & Dwellings                  | 18,500  | 17,300  | 16,400  | 16,100  | 16,200  | 17,000  | 18,100  | 18,700  | 18,500  | 19,300  |
| envices         14,300         15,100         15,600         14,900         15,000   | Educational & Health Services                      | 140,700 | 148,500 | 155,100 | 152,800 | 155,800 | 164,400 | 181,300 | 187,900 | 195,800 | 210,800 |
| versities & Professional Schools         4,600         4,900         5,600         5,600         5,600         5,600         6,000           Scoial Assistance         126,400         133,400         139,500         137,900         149,900         149,00         149,00  | Educational Services                               | 14,300  | 15,100  | 15,600  | 14,900  | 14,900  | 15,200  | 16,800  | 17,100  | 19,100  | 17,200  |
| Social Assistance         126,400         133,400         137,900         140,900   | Colleges, Universities & Professional Schools      | 4,600   | 4,900   | 2,600   | 5,400   | 5,500   | 2,600   | 2,600   | 2,600   | 6,000   | 6,300   |
| Health Care Services         46,800         49,000         50,300         51,200         53,100         57,200         58,700         60,500         63,800           Physicians         20,400         21,900         23,000         23,200         24,300         25,700         25,700         28,400         30,500           esidential Care Facilities         30,100         31,700         32,600         32,300         24,300         25,700         28,700         35,700         35,700         35,700         35,700         35,700         35,700         35,700         36,200         30,500         30,  | Health Care & Social Assistance                    | 126,400 | 133,400 | 139,500 | 137,900 | 140,900 | 149,200 | 164,500 | 170,800 | 176,700 | 193,600 |
| Physicians 20,400 21,900 23,000 24,300 26,500 27,200 28,700 36,70  | Ambulatory Health Care Services                    | 46,800  | 49,000  | 50,300  | 51,200  | 53,100  | 57,200  | 58,700  | 60,500  | 63,800  | 009'99  |
| solution         31,700         31,700         32,300         35,000         35,700         35,700         35,700         36,200           esidential Care Facilities         20,600         20,700         20,300         20,400         21,300         23,000         23,600         25,400           intality         133,800         131,300         121,100         122,900         123,600         15,700         15,400           ition & Food Services         117,100         15,100         14,800         14,900         14,700         15,900         15,400         15,400           stion & Food Services         117,100         115,200         109,300         108,000         14,700         15,900         15,300         15,400           stion & Food Services         117,400         15,200         14,600         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         15,900         13,900         13,900         14,500         15,900         13,900         13,900         13,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900         14,900  | Offices of Physicians                              | 20,400  | 21,900  | 23,000  | 23,200  | 24,300  | 26,500  | 27,200  | 28,400  | 30,500  | 31,400  |
| Escidential Care Facilities         20,600         20,700         20,300         21,300         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,400         30,400         30,400         20,300         21,300         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,600         23,400         30,400         30,400         122,900         122,900         122,900         123,600         123,900         14,200         15,20  | Hospitals  | 30,100  | 31,700  | 32,600  | 32,300  | 34,100  | 35,000  | 35,700  | 35,700  | 36,200  | 39,100  |
| itality         133,800         131,300         124,100         122,900         123,600         123,600         129,100         14,700         15,700         151,400         15,700         151,400         15,700         15,700         15,400         15,400         15,400         15,400         15,400         15,400         15,400         15,400         15,400         15,400         15,500         15,400         15,500         <   | Nursing & Residential Care Facilities              | 20,600  | 20,700  | 20,300  | 20,400  | 21,300  | 22,300  | 23,000  | 23,600  | 25,400  | 25,900  |
| tion & Food Services 117,100 115,200 109,300 14,300 14,300 14,700 15,900 15,900 17,500 17,500 ation s. & Drinking Places 17,400 15,300 15,300 14,400 14,300 14,300 14,300 14,300 15,300 15,300 14,300   | Leisure & Hospitality                              | 133,800 | 131,300 | 124,100 | 122,900 | 123,600 | 129,100 | 135,500 | 141,200 | 151,400 | 150,000 |
| tion & Food Services 117,100 115,200 115,300 115,000 1  | Arts, Entertainment & Recreation                   | 16,700  | 16,100  | 14,800  | 14,900  | 14,300  | 14,700  | 15,900  | 15,300  | 17,500  | 17,700  |
| ation s Dividing Places by Dividing Department of Defense by Dividing Department of Dividing Dividing Department of Di  | Accommodation & Food Services                      | 117,100 | 115,200 | 109,300 | 108,000 | 109,300 | 114,400 | 119,600 | 125,900 | 133,900 | 132,300 |
| s. Drinking Places         99,700         98,900         94,700         94,400         95,400         100,100         105,100         11,500         118,200           Restaurants         41,900         40,900         38,900         39,300         40,100         42,600         44,300         44,100         47,500           vice Eating Places         54,300         54,300         52,500         51,700         51,800         57,200         61,300         47,500           vice Eating Places         42,000         42,200         37,500         39,200         39,400         44,100         47,500           renance         15,900         15,400         13,000         12,900         13,100         13,800         14,700         14,600         15,900           undry Services         10,300         10,400         9,600         9,800         9,700         14,700         14,600         15,900           rument         10,500         233,800         239,300         241,700         20,500         227,500         20,400         230,900           of Defense         5,600         5,800         6,100         6,400         5,900         5,800         5,800           rument excluding Department of Defense         13,900  | Accommodation                                      | 17,400  | 16,300  | 14,600  | 13,600  | 13,900  | 14,300  | 14,500  | 14,400  | 15,700  | 16,800  |
| Restaurants       41,900       40,900       38,900       39,300       40,100       42,600       44,300       47,500         vice Eating Places       54,300       54,300       52,500       51,700       51,800       53,900       57,200       61,300       65,100         vice Eating Places       42,000       42,200       37,500       39,200       39,400       40,800       41,200       39,400       44,000         ntenance       15,900       15,400       13,000       13,100       13,100       14,700       14,000       15,900         undry Services       10,300       10,400       9,600       9,800       9,700       14,700       14,600       15,900         nment       229,000       233,800       239,300       241,700       230,800       226,100       227,500       230,100       232,900         of Defense       5,600       5,800       6,100       6,400       5,900       5,800       5,800       5,800       5,800         stmment excluding Department of Defense       13,900       14,200       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600       14,600  | Food Services & Drinking Places                    | 002'66  | 006'86  | 94,700  | 94,400  | 95,400  | 100,100 | 105,100 | 111,500 | 118,200 | 115,500 |
| vice Eating Places       54,300       54,300       52,500       51,700       51,800       53,900       57,200       61,300       65,100         rtenance       42,000       42,200       37,500       39,200       39,400       40,800       41,200       39,400       44,000         undry Services       15,900       15,400       15,400       15,400       13,900       14,700       14,700       14,600       15,900         undry Services       10,300       10,400       9,600       9,800       9,700       10,600       10,400       11,500         undry Services       229,000       233,800       241,700       230,800       227,500       230,100       232,900         rument       19,500       19,700       20,300       25,100       21,400       5,800       5,800       5,800       5,800       5,800         strongle beartment of Defense       13,900       14,200       18,700       14,600   | Full-Service Restaurants                           | 41,900  | 40,900  | 38,900  | 39,300  | 40,100  | 42,600  | 44,300  | 44,100  | 47,500  | 45,100  |
| 42,000     42,200     37,500     39,200     39,400     40,800     41,200     39,400     44,000       intenance     15,900     15,400     13,000     13,000     13,100     13,100     14,700     14,600     15,900       undry Services     10,300     10,400     9,600     9,800     9,700     10,600     10,400     11,500       10,29,000     233,800     239,300     241,700     230,800     226,100     227,500     230,100     232,900       Inment     19,500     19,700     20,300     25,100     21,400     20,500     20,400     20,400       of Defense     5,600     5,800     6,100     6,300     6,400     5,900     5,800     5,800       imment excluding Department of Defense     13,900     14,200     18,700     15,000     14,600     14,600     14,600   | Limited-Service Eating Places                      | 54,300  | 54,300  | 52,500  | 51,700  | 51,800  | 53,900  | 57,200  | 61,300  | 65,100  | 66,200  |
| aintenance 15,900 15,400 13,000 13,100 13,100 14,700 14,600 15,900 15,900 15,900 10,200 10,300 10,400 9,800 9,800 9,700 10,500 10,600 10,400 11,500 11,500 10,500 10,500 10,500 10,500 11,500 1  | Other Services                                     | 42,000  | 42,200  | 37,500  | 39,200  | 39,400  | 40,800  | 41,200  | 39,400  | 44,000  | 45,700  |
| Laundry Services       10,300       10,400       9,600       9,800       9,700       10,500       10,600       10,400       11,500         ernment       229,000       233,800       239,300       241,700       230,800       226,100       227,500       230,100       232,900         ernment       19,500       19,700       20,300       25,100       21,400       20,500       20,200       20,400       20,400         rt of Defense       5,600       5,800       6,100       6,300       6,400       5,900       5,800       5,800       5,800         vernment excluding Department of Defense       13,900       14,200       18,700       15,000       14,600       14,400       14,600       14,600  | Repair & Maintenance                               | 15,900  | 15,400  | 13,000  | 12,900  | 13,100  | 13,800  | 14,700  | 14,600  | 15,900  | 17,100  |
| 229,000 233,800 241,700 230,800 226,100 227,500 230,100 232,900 crnment   | Personal & Laundry Services                        | 10,300  | 10,400  | 009'6   | 008'6   | 9,700   | 10,500  | 10,600  | 10,400  | 11,500  | 11,300  |
| 19,500 19,700 20,300 25,100 21,400 20,500 20,200 20,400 20,400 20,400 5,800 5,800 5,800 5,800 texcluding Department of Defense 13,900 13,900 13,200 18,700 15,000 14,600 14,600 14,600  | Government   | 229,000 | 233,800 | 239,300 | 241,700 | 230,800 | 226,100 | 227,500 | 230,100 | 232,900 | 233,700 |
| 5,600 5,800 6,100 6,300 6,400 5,900 5,800 5,800 5,800 cluding Department of Defense 13,900 13,900 14,200 18,700 15,000 14,600 14,600 14,600   | Federal Government                                 | 19,500  | 19,700  | 20,300  | 25,100  | 21,400  | 20,500  | 20,200  | 20,400  | 20,400  | 20,800  |
| 13.900 13.900 14.200 18.700 15.000 14.600 14.400 14.600 14.600  | Department of Defense                              | 2,600   | 5,800   | 6,100   | 6,300   | 6,400   | 2,900   | 5,800   | 5,800   | 5,800   | 5,800   |
| 000/14 000/14 000/14 000/04 000/04 000/04 000/04  | Federal Government excluding Department of Defense | 13,900  | 13,900  | 14,200  | 18,700  | 15,000  | 14,600  | 14,400  | 14,600  | 14,600  | 15,000  |

### Riverside San Bernardino Ontario MSA (Riverside and San Bernardino Counties)

Industry Employment & Labor Force Benchmark (Continued)

| IIILE                                | Jun-07  | Jun-08  | Jun-09  | Jun-10  | Jun-11  | Jun-12  | Jun-13  | Jun-14  | Jun-15  | 91-unc  |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| State & Local Government             | 209,500 | 214,100 | 219,100 | 216,600 | 209,400 | 205,600 | 207,300 | 209,700 | 212,500 | 212,900 |
| State Government                     | 29,300  | 30,500  | 30,800  | 29,900  | 30,100  | 28,900  | 28,400  | 28,800  |         |         |
| State Government Education           | 10,700  | 11,100  | 11,200  | 10,900  | 11,600  | 11,200  | 11,400  | 11,800  |         |         |
| State Government Excluding Education | 18,600  | 19,400  | 19,600  | 19,000  | 18,500  | 17,700  | 17,000  | 17,000  |         |         |
| Local Government                     | 180,200 | 183,600 | 188,300 | 186,700 | 179,300 | 176,700 | 178,900 | 180,900 |         | 184,800 |
| Local Government Education           | 97,100  | 99,700  | 105,800 | 107,100 | 103,000 | 102,400 | 105,400 | 107,600 |         |         |
| Local Government Excluding Education | 83,100  | 83,900  | 82,500  | 79,600  | 76,300  | 74,300  | 73,500  | 73,300  |         |         |
| County                               | 37,400  | 37,700  | 37,500  | 36,400  | 35,200  | 34,200  | 33,300  | 32,800  |         |         |
| City                                 | 17,300  | 17,900  | 17,700  | 16,600  | 16,200  | 15,400  | 15,000  | 15,400  |         |         |
| Special Districts plus Indian Tribes | 28,400  | 28,300  | 27,300  | 26,600  | 24,900  | 24,700  | 25,200  | 25,100  |         |         |

Source: State of California Employment Development Department (website CA.gov & calmis.ca.gov)

### THE ECONOMY AND ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The U.S. Census Bureau defines the Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ontario metropolitan area as the Inland Empire (IE). The IE covers more than 27,000 square miles, and has a population of approximately 4 million. Most of the area's population is located in southwestern San Bernardino County and northwestern Riverside County. In its early beginning, the IE was a major center of agriculture, including citrus, dairy, and wine-making. However, agriculture declined, and since the 1970s a rapidly growing population, fueled by families migrating in search of affordable housing, has led to more residential, industrial, and commercial development.

Since the downturn in the U.S. economy in 2008, the IE like most metropolitan areas throughout the country has been on a long march to recovery. While many of the California's coastal communities have begun to see signs of an improved economy, the inland region has continued to struggle. Unemployment and foreclosure rates remain stubbornly high, and there are few signs that the area will boom as it did a decade ago. Housing prices have inched up as wages have stagnated, forcing some people to travel further distances to work for less pay because they have to.

Researchers suggest the IE's long period of prosperity might be coming to an end. The reason being population growth has not returned to pre-recession highs, and there is no indication it will, although the possibility remains. Affordability is often credited with attracting households from surrounding counties to the IE, and despite rigorous home price appreciation in recent years, homes in the IE remain relatively affordable. Experts predict affordability will continue to attract people from throughout Southern California and, to the extent that builders capitalize on the vast amount of developable land, affordability will work to the IE's advantage.

Economic growth in the IE will depend on several factors, including: (1) the region's ability to educate and train highly skilled workers; (2) economic development and the region's ability to develop and attract innovative businesses, including but not necessarily limited to those in Technology; (3) the region's ability to stay competitive in such industries such as manufacturing and goods movement.

Most coastal regions in Southern California are built out, but the IE still has land available at relatively low prices, but not low enough to make it as affordable as other parts of the country. Additionally, job growth spurs population growth, but income levels have not necessarily recovered in the IE. Economists recommend education as a viable solution to this problem. Producing more college graduates and keeping them in the local economy will benefit the region significantly.

Although the future of the IE might not be as bright as researchers previously predicted, Economists are cautious not to be too pessimistic about the region's potential to generate another boom. Even though projections don't show it happening, it has been the history of the IE.

Number of Employees

| 2015 | 4              | 468       | 100 102 107 | 80                     | 29 **     | 0        | 6               | 3                 | 18          | 12      | 4 *** 3   |  |
|------|----------------|-----------|-------------|------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|---|--|
| 2013 | 5              | 443       | 101         | 5                      | 25        | 18       | 6               | 3                 | 18          | 11      |   |  |
| 2012 | 2              | 438       | 102         | 9                      | 23        | 19       | 6               | 4                 | 19          | 12      |   |  |
| 2011 | 5              | 445       | 66          | 9                      | 23        | 17       | 6               | 4                 | 17          | 12      |   |  |
| 2010 | 2              | 473       | 111         | 10                     | 24        | 16       | 11              | 4                 | 21          | 12      |   |  |
| 2009 | 5              | 474       | 118         | 10                     | 23        | 15       |                 | 4                 | 21          | 16      |   |  |
| 2008 | 5              | 504       | 118         | 10                     | 23        | * 71     |                 | 4                 | 21          | 16      |   |  |
| 2007 | 4              | 494       | 117         | 7                      | 22        | 7        | 10              | 2                 | 19          | 17      |   |  |
|      | Administration | Operation | Maintenance | Information Technology | Marketing | Planning | Human Resources | Safety & Security | Procurement | Finance | Integrated Project Mgmt. Oversight (IPMO) Special Transportation Services |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Revised in 2008 to include Integrated Project Management Oversight (IPMO) Employees with the Planning Department

Source: Human Resources Department

<sup>\*\*</sup> Re-organization combined the Marketing Department and Planning Department.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Re-organization separated the Project Management Oversight (IMPO) Employees from the Planning Department.
\*\*\*\* Employees of Valley Transportation Services (VTrans) joined OmniTrans in April 2016.

### **OPERATING EXPENSES BY CATEGORY**

Source: Finance Department

### **OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION**

| 2016 | \$34,444,699<br>14,588,796<br>3,107,806<br>3,126,790<br>6,615,304<br>24,010,445<br>885,893,840                                 |
|------|--|
| 2015 | \$31,337,405<br>16,223,257<br>2,851,520<br>2,925,275<br>8,147,166<br>22,623,498<br>\$84,108,121                                |
| 2014 | \$30,149,343<br>15,213,652<br>1,146,301<br>6 2,411,375<br>7 8,473,242<br>23,344,755<br>6 \$80,738,668                          |
| 2013 | \$3 \$29,269,181<br>16 15,043,634<br>30 6,525,076<br>88 2,452,956<br>66 6,887,007<br>27,039,322<br>26,887,217,176              |
| 2012 | \$29,261,593<br>14,830,016<br>5,100,830<br>2,259,488<br>8,052,766<br>26,771,733<br>\$86,276,426                                |
| 2011 | \$29,168,399<br>14,204,780<br>4,674,142<br>2,260,166<br>7,835,246<br>21,159,558<br>\$79,302,292                                |
| 2010 | \$28,239,330<br>15,770,795<br>4,233,360<br>2,673,847<br>7,226,877<br>20,357,148<br>\$78,501,358                                |
| 2009 | \$27,787,511<br>16,627,719<br>4,448,557<br>2,330,561<br>7,451,941<br>18,379,268<br>\$77,025,556                                |
| 2008 | \$26,163,421<br>17,867,594<br>4,981,889<br>2,366,484<br>9,569,184<br>15,669,627<br>\$76,618,199                                |
| 2007 | \$25,506,068<br>18,315,985<br>2,206,571<br>2,328,273<br>7,341,094<br>19,106,950<br>\$74,804,941                                |
|      | Transportation Maintenance Risk Management * Marketing General Administration Depreciation & Other ** Total Operating Expenses |

\* Risk Management consist of casualty and liability costs.
\*\* Depreciation & Other cost consist of depreciation, purchased transportation, leases and rentals, and capital purchases charged to operating.

Source: Finance Department

CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

Source: Finance Department.



**Points of Interest Colleges and Universities** Cal State University sbX, 2, 5, 7, 11 Chaffey College-Rancho Cucamonga Campus Chaffey College - Fontana Campus 20, 61 Chaffey College -Chino Campus OmniGo 365, 83 Crafton Hills College 8, 19 Loma Linda University sbX, 2, 19, RTA 25 San Bernardino Valley College 1, 15

High Schools A. B. Miller 10, 67 Alta Loma 80, 67 Aguinas 1, 3, 4 Arrowhead Christian Academy 8, 19 Arroyo Valley 3, 4, 10 Ayala OmniGo 88, 365 Bloomington 29 Cajon sbX, 2, 5, 7 Carter 22 Chaffey 83 Chino 81, 85 Chino Hills OmniGo 365 Citrus Valley 15 Colton 1, 19 Don Lugo 88 Eisenhower 10, 22 Etiwanda 67 Fontana 19, 20, 61 Fontana Adult School 82 Grand Terrace OmniGo 365 Indian Springs 15 Jurupa Hills 82 Kaiser 82 Loma Linda Academy sbX, 2, 8 Los Osos 85 Montclair 88 Ontario 83 Orangewood 8, 15, 19 Pacific 5 Rancho Cucamonga 67 Redlands 19 Redlands East Valley 8 San Bernardino sbX, 2, 3, 4 San Bernardino Adult School sbX, 2, 11 San Gorgonio 1, 3, 4 Sierra 1, 5 Summit 82 Upland 66, 83 Valley View 80, 86 Yucaipa 19

Arrowhead Regional Medical Center 1, 19, 22, 290, VVTA BV Link Chino Valley Medical Center 88 Kaiser Fontana 19, 20, 29, 61, 82, VVTA BV Link Loma Linda Univ. Med. Ctr. sbX, 2, 19, OmniGo 325, RTA 14 San Antonio 66, 85, 86 San Bernardino Community Hospital 3, 4, 11 St. Bernardine's 1, 3, 4 Doctor's Hospital Medical Center 85 VA Hospital sbX, 2, 19, OmniGo 325,RTA 14,



### Route Listing

### Route Route Name Fontana - Ontario Mills - Pomona Fontana - Foothill - Montclair Chaffey College - Baseline - Fontana Ontario - Vineyard Ave - Chaffey College Chino - Haven - Chaffey College Rancho Cucamonga - Fontana - Sierra Lakes

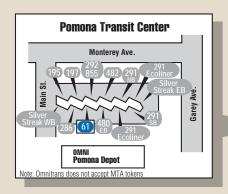
Chino - Euclid Ave - Upland Chino - Mountain Ave - Upland

Chino - Montclair - Chaffey College

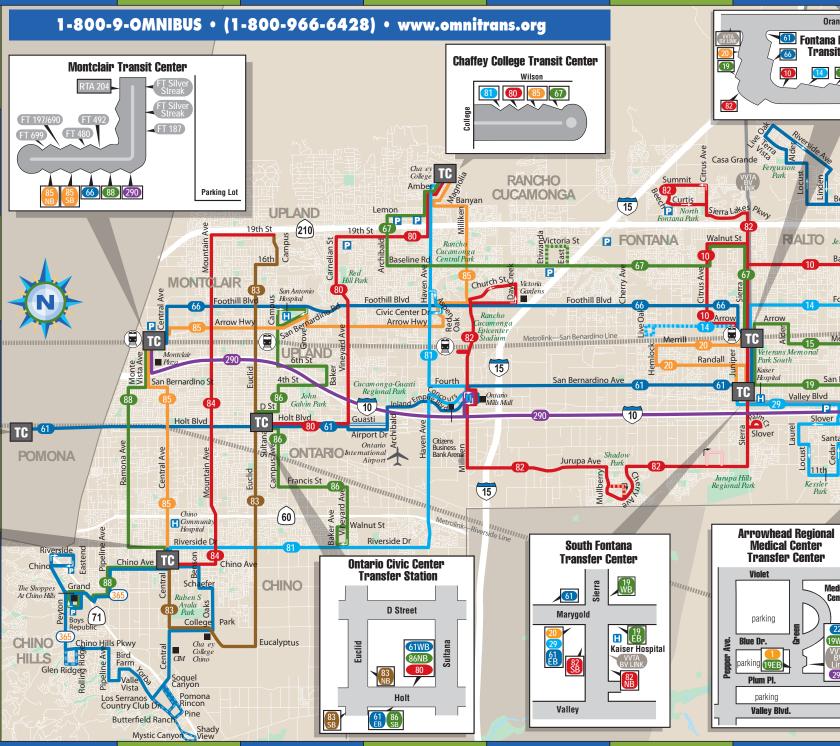
S. Ontario - Campus Ave - San Antonio Hospital Chino Hills - Ramona Ave - Montclair

San Bernardino - ARMC - Ontario Mills - Montclair

OmniGo Chino/Chino Hills

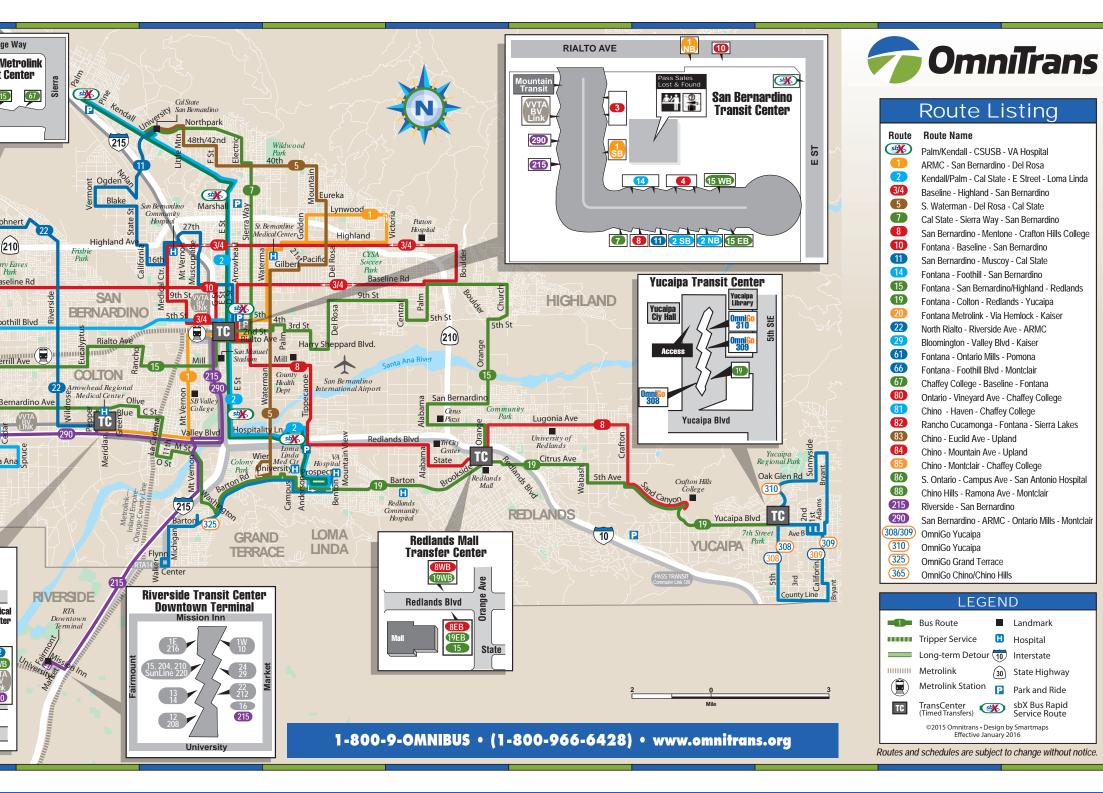






### CONNECTING

**OUR COMMUNITY** 



### **Important Phone Numbers**

**Text A Tip** (909)368-7711 Send non-emergency text messages to Omnitrans Security

**WE TIP** (800)782-7463 National anonymous crime tip hotline

Omnitrans Lost & Found (909)379-7100

OTHER TRANSIT SERVICES
Amtrak (800)872-7245

Providing national passenger rail service

Foothill Transit (800)743-3463 Serving the San Gabriel and Pomona Valleys, and unincorporated Los Angeles County

**Greyhound** (800)231-2222 Providing national bus service

**LAMetro** (323)466-3876 or (323)466-3876 Serving Los Angeles County

Mountain Transit (909)878-5200 Serving Big Bear Valley, Rim of the World, including off-the-mountain service between San Bernardino and several mountain communities

Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA) (714) 636-7433 Serving Orange County

**Metrolink** (800) 371-5465 Providing regional commuter rail service

Pass Transit (951)769-8530 Serving Banning, Beaumont, Cabazon and Cherry Valley

RTA (951)565-5002 Serving Western Riverside County

VVTA (760)948-3030
Serving Adelanto, Apple Valley,
Hesperia, Victorville and portions of
San Bernardino County



### CONNECTING OUR COMMUNITY

